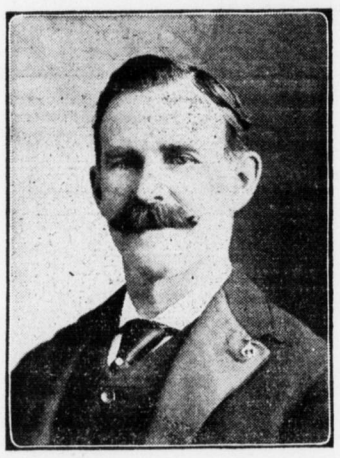
THE CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

ESTABLISHED BY C. B. GOULD, MARCH 1866. "Liberty and Union, One and Inseparable."—WEBSTER. TERMS: $2.00—$1.50 IN ADVANCE.

VOL. 37. EMPORIUM, PA., THURSDAY, MARCH 27, 1902. NO. 5.

IMPORTANT PURCHASE.



W. D. Johnson Secures Timber for Fifteen Years.

Cameron county's prominent lumberman, W. D. Johnson, has closed the contract with the Pennsylvania Joint Land and Lumber Company for timber on a large tract of land, estimated at seventy-five thousand acres, sufficient to keep his mills active for fifteen years to come. It is Mr. Johnson's intention to erect a large mill at Sterling Run and Cameron. This purchase means much to Cameron county in the future.

J. L. Wheeler Burned Out.

J. L. Wheeler's store and stock at Rural Valley, Pa., was destroyed by fire last week, Monday night. His loss is $2,800; insurance $2,100

Burglary.

Will Lyon's residence was entered by burglars last Saturday night stealing $28 00 cash and Mrs. Lyon's go d watch. The same chap attempted to enter Rev. O. S. Metzler's residence.

BRIEF MENTION.

Trout April 15th. Arrest all violators of the law.

Mrs. A. C. Blum visited her sister at Portland Mills over Sunday.

Miss Dora Sizer, of Sizerville, has the thanks of ye editor for a cake of delicious home-made maple sugar.

It is reported that Hall & Kaul have purchased the DuBois & Van Tassell lands located in Cameron and Elk counties.

Albert T. Patrick, tried for the murder of the aged millionaire, W. M. Rice, was yesterday evening delared guilty of murder.

The Pennsylvania R. R. Company are doing considerable surveying in this section at present, especially on Buffalo division.

Hemlock lumber is said to have advanced one dollar per one-thousand feet during the past few days, on account of the loss to the mill men by the recent floods.

Master Howard Bingeman is the happiest lad in Emporium, having received from his uncle Adam Bingeman, of Treverton, Pa., a real live goat. His goatship being well trained Warner Judd will have to put his stepper in training if he wants to retain his record.

LOCAL NOTICES.

FOR SALE on easy terms, a dwelling house on east Sixth street. Apply to W. J. Hughes.

In most cases, pay me the same price for border that you did last year and I will throw the paper in. L. Taggart.

Zinc and Grinding Make
Devoe Lead and Zinc Paint wear twice as long as lead and oil mixed by hand. tf

Never has there been such a variety of paints, oils, varnishes, enamels and varnish stains brought to town as you will find at Taggart's.

EASTER OPENING—An exhibit of pattern hats and novelties—mourning goods a specialty—March 25 and 26.
B. E. AND E. L. LUDLAM.

The man who speaks his mind to your face is the man to trust. Buy your wall paper at Taggart's, who sells you border for about the same price as the paper

Tapestry curtains and lace curtains. A fine new line just received. Can't be beat for quality and prices. Call and have a look. GEO. J. LABAR.

Miss Shaw, of Cleveland, an experienced Trimmer, has arrived and is now in the employ of B. E. & E. L. Ludlam. Miss Shaw comes highly recomended.

PASTURE:—I have good pasture on Big Run for about 100 head of cattle
Apply to,
MRS. AMANDA R. NYHART,
Beechwood, Pa. 4-4t.

SHAW'S PURE MALT.—Its value in sickness has been tried and proved. In the home it is not safe to be without it. Absolutely pure.
Sold By
36-47-ly F. X. BLUMLE.

Carpets! Carpets! Carpets! A finer line of carpet than ever, now on tap at LaBar's. Will meet all competion and go one better. Costs you nothing to call and see them. Come one come all.
GEO. J. LABAR.

Order at Once.

All persons wishing ice cream, ices or fancy baking for Easter should leave their orders early at City Baker Mr. Schmidt will see that you are suited, promptly.

The Easter Ball.

Don't fail to attend the Easter Ball by Citizens Hose Company, Tuesday evening, April 1st. The boys are busy preparing for the event and a good time is assured.

Seriously Ill.

Michael Murphy, proprietor of Commercial Hotel, has been very seriously ill for several days, suffering with erysipelas in the face. At the time of going to press he is some better, under Dr. Smith's treatment.

Returns from Hospital.

Chas. E. Colson returned last Friday from University Hospital where he underwent an operation for the removal of a tumor from the right side of his face. The operation was successful.

Better Than Ever.

Miss H. L. Raymond's display of goods at her remarkable variety store is especially attractive at this time. While her stock always consists of the beautiful and useful her large line of goods just displayed excells all her former efforts. You will save money by first calling on Miss Raymond.

First in the Field.

S. R. Dresser, of Bradford, candidate for Republican nomination for Congress, visited Emporium yesterday and met many of our Republicans. Mr. Dresser, who is an oil producer and manufacturer, made a very favorable impression here. All counties now have a candidate, except Centre and Cameron.

Two Fire Alarms.

Emporium is surely becoming metropolition. Yesterday about noon, two fire alarms were given at one being on the roof of James Creaton's billiard and ten pin alley, the other being Wm. Robinson's residence, near the juntion. A few pails of water soon extinguished the flames. It is reported that three other small fires were started the same day—A.F. Andrews' barn, R. J. Lloyd's hotel and Ed. Blinzler's barn.

Dime Social.

The Presbyterian Sunday-school will hold a dime social at the home of Charles Felt, Friday evening, the 28th. The following young ladies will favor us with some piano selections: The Misses Taggart, Verena Hertig, Belle Husted, Edna Cruise and Nadine Morgan. The male quartette will also entertain us with some of their best pieces. During the evening there will be a flower contest. Come and try for the bouquet.

Will be Returned.

Rev. O. S. Metzler, who is attending Conference at Bellefonte, will undoubtedly be returned to Emporium station for another year. Rev. Metzler, who is greatly respected by all classes, has succeeded in building up a large and influential congregation, is public spirited, charitable to a fault and popular with all our people. His return to Emporium will please our people, regardless of creed.

Upholstering and Recovering.

Couches, lounges, chairs, baby carriages, etc. Mattresses remade, chairs and furniture of all kinds repaired and refinished, sewing machines cleaned, repaired and parts furnished. Cane, reed and veneered seating, reed and rattan repairing. Please call early and see our large line of samples, as we are here for a short time only. All furniture called for and delivered.
N. Y. UPHOLSTERING CO.,
East Emporium.

The Star Course.

The Copley Square Trio Concert Company of Boston, at the Court House Thursday evening April 3, will close the present series of popular entertainments. Advices from those who have heard this attraction justify the prediction, that it will not be the least enjoyable of the splendid treats afforded the patrons of the Star Course the past winter. The following are among numerous recent testimonials.

Gentlemen's night at the Woman's Club of Ipswich on January 1, 1901, was one of the smartest functions in the club's history. Two hundred guests were present. The enjoyable entertainment which followed the reception was furnished by the Copley Square Trio of Boston. Although the Trio appeared in Ipswich for the first time, they won the hearts of the audience at once by the charm of their modest manner and the unexceptional excellence of their music.—Gazette, Salem, Mass.

Miss Blanch Sears made a decided hit with her violin solos, being obliged to respond to several prolonged encores. Seldom do we have the pleasure of listening to so through an artist, her playing being about the best ever heard in this city.—Daily News, Bangor.

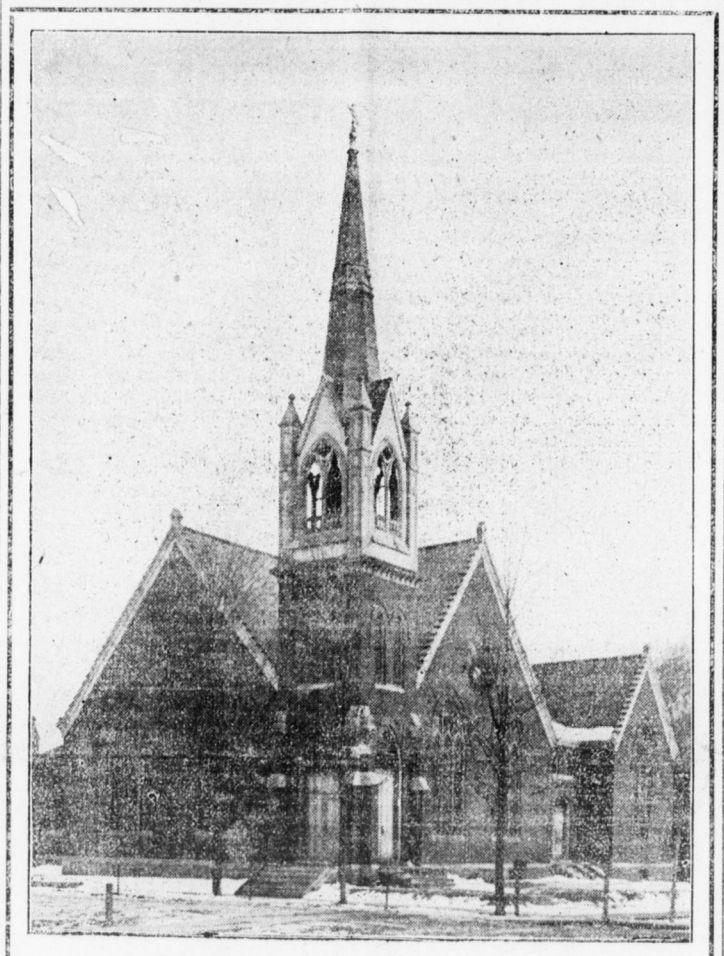
The Copley Square Trio delighted a large audience in the Yarmouth Institute Course last evening, each number being encored.—Judge F. C. Swift, President of Yarmouth Institute Course, Yarmouth, Mass., January 23, 1901.

Dress Patterns, Waist Patterns and White Goods, in all the popular styles, now displayed at B. E. & E. L. Ludlam's Millinery and Fancy Goods Store, two doors from Bank.

Emporium Methodists Are Joyously Happy.

After Years of Hard Struggle They Are Free From Debt--Rev. O. S. Metzler Aided by the Noble Bands Deserve Great Credit.

VALUABLE PROPERTY---WORTH $20,000



FIRST METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH, EMPORIUM, PA.

"IT WAS NOT ALL IN VAIN" that our Methodist Episcopal friends held a Jubilee service Wednesday evening, March 19th, 1902, to celebrate the wiping out of the last dollar of their Church indebtedness, which like a black cloud, had hung over them so long. "It is all in vain," exclaimed one of the earliest Methodist Circuit Preachers, as recorded in the "History of the West Branch Valley," while holding divine services. During the services, some hounds brought a large deer into the stream near the house. The baying of the hounds awakened all the frontier instinct, for the chase in the congregation and at once overcame all prudence and desire for religious instruction, and men, women and children rushed

REV. O. S. METZLER, Pastor.

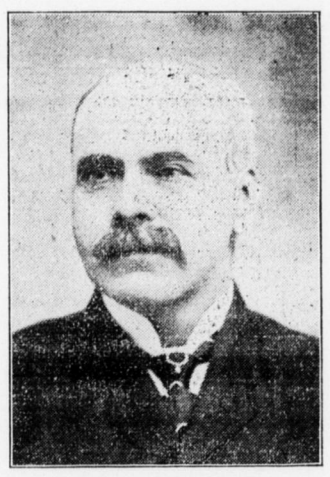
out to participate in the chase, leaving only the pracher and one old man by the name of Overturf, who could not follow by reason of an attack of rheumatism. The preacher, thinking of the weakness of human nature, sighed and exclaimed," "It is all in vain," when Mr. Overturf, his mind following the chase, and thinking that the preacher's mind was running in the same channel, promptly replied immediately, "Oh! Perchance they may catch him yet."

With equal zeal and ardour our Methodist brethren have chased after the means to pay off the indebtedness on their beautiful church property, which was erected during the pastorate of the Rev. J. W. Rue during the year 1892, at a cost of about $15,000. They have finally succeeded in running it to the earth, and at the Jubilee services held last Wednesday evening the last mortgage and judgement were burned in the presence of a large and grateful congregation, composed of the members and friends of the Church, amid great rejoicings, and accompanied by music, both instrumental and vocal. After the services refreshments were served by the ladies of the Church.

At the meeting of the Central Pennsylvania Conference held at Hazelton, Rev. O. S. Metzler, formerly pastor at Ashland, Pa., was appointed pastor of Emporium Church. Finding the church burdened with an indebtedness of $4,850, he went to work at once to reduce the principal, his aim being to pay off $1,500 during the coming year. To assist in this laudable undertaking, he organized the People's Star Course, which furnished the community, during the winter months, with a very high grade of intellectual and musical entertainments at the remarkable low price of $1.50 for five attractions. The interest paying societies, composed of the ladies of the Church, which had been organized in 1897, were continued under the leadership of Mrs. F. P. Strayer, and the Pastor, solicited subscriptions. At the end of the year the result showed, that $1,925.00 of the church debt had been paid.

At the beginning of the second year, of Mr. Metzler's pastorate, it was decided by the official board of the church, to make an effort during the coming year to wipe out the entire indebtedness. Work was continued along these lines, and the magnificent results achieved show, that the work was "Not all in Vain."

As stated before, the Ladies Interest Paying Society was organized during the year 1897, and Mrs. J. S. Douglas was elected the first President. She leaving town shortly afterward Mrs. C. M. Thomas was elected President in her stead, and at the end of that year she had the satisfaction of turning over to the Trustees the sum of $437.03 Mrs. M. Terwilliger, the President during the year 1898, succeeded in collecting $393.71, and Mrs. L. K. Huntingdon, succeeding Mrs. Terwilliger during the year 1899 raised the sum of $636.20. In 1900 Mrs. F. P. Strayer was elected President, and gathered in the sum of $1,200. Against her wishes she was re-elected President for 1901, and the sum raised during that year



FRED JULIAN, ESQ., Chairman Board of Trustees.

was $1,900. The amounts received during the past two years are as follows:—

	1900	1901
By the Pastor, Subscriptions	$1,068 50	$1,423 65
By Star Course, fair etc.	629 20	
By Mr. Fred Julian ($200 more when called for)		525 00
By Miscellaneous Collections		150 66
By Mrs. Jones' Band	153 50	321 70
By Mrs. Heilman's Band	116 60	250 60
By Mrs. Rentz's Band	105 00	268 00
By Mrs. Huntington's Band	56 00	321 70
By Mrs. Blum's Band	47 28	125 49
By Mrs. Walker's Band	41 77	235 00
By Mrs. Terwilliger's Band	32 00	52 09
By Mrs. Downey's Band	29 45	
By Mrs. Larrabee's S. S. Class		32 00
By Mrs. Morrison's Band		75 00
By Prayer Meetings Band		68 45
	$2,209 50	$3,848 65

Or a grand total during the last two years of $6,057.15.

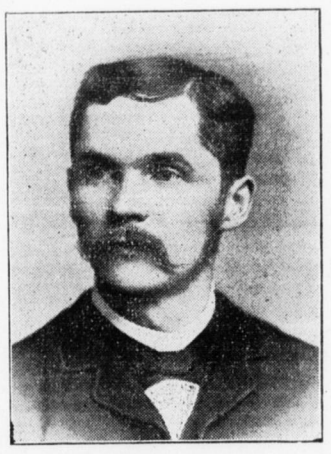
It is needless to say, that the above results represent great self-denials on the part of the membership and friends of the Church, and an immense amount of labor by those instrumental in bringing it about, and the pastor and the ladies of the church certainly are entitled to, and do receive great credit for their labor, which was not "In Vain."

The following comparison between the statistics of the church in 1891, prior to the erection of the new building, and the present year are submitted:

	1891	1902	Increase.
Church Membership	$150	$290	$140
Sunday School	190	380	200
Missionary contributions	134	360	226
Pastor's Salary	900	1200	300

The church property is valued at $20,000.

Early Methodism, like the early inhabitants of the Valley of the Sinnamahoning, had many difficulties to contend with. The first Methodist Circuit Rider or Preacher, the Rev.



T. B. LLOYD, ESQ., Superintendent Sabbath School.

Jas. B. Roach, was appointed by the Genessee Conference in 1823. In order to cover his circuit, he had to make a trip on horse back of 247 miles, commencing at Coudersport, Pa., thence 18 miles down the Allegany River to the Canoe Place, (now called Port Allegany,) thence up Allegany Portage 10 miles to the dividing ridge; thence 14 miles down the Sinnamahoning Portage to its confluence with the main creek, to Portage settlement, being an unbroken wilderness of 24 miles with the exception of the homes of Hiram Sizer and Brewster Freeman, about six miles up the Portage, at a point near the present village of Sizerville. The road was a very rough one, with 27 fordings, some of them very troublesome, when the water was high. Wild animals roamed the forest in abundance, and it was not an uncommon occurrence to meet with a pack of hungry wolves in close pursuit of a tired deer, or to find the carcass of a deer slain by a panther and half buried under the leaves for a future meal. From the Portage the trail ran three miles to the mouth of North Creek; thence back two miles to the mouth of West Creek; thence by a bridle path seven miles up West Creek to the mouth of Big Run. Thence by another bridle path 23 miles over the mountain to the Kersey settlement (now called Centerville), making 30 miles of a bridle path through an unbroken wilderness of forest; thence 12 miles to Brockway's settlement near Bennett's Branch; thence 23 miles to the confluence of Bennett's Branch with the Driftwood; thence 16 miles to the mouth of the Sinnamahoning; thence 15 miles to Youngwomanstown (North Point;) thence 31 miles returning to the confluence of Bennett's and Driftwood (now Driftwood); thence up the Driftwood 18 miles to the Portage settlement (now Emporium;) thence by North Creek, by a bridle path, 17 miles to Portage Creek; thence 10 miles to Smethport, and over the mountains 10 miles to the Canoe Place; thence back to Coudersport, the place of beginning, 18 miles. The mountains are high, steep and rocky, the roads were rough and not graded, the fordings over the streams many and difficult, the valleys narrow, and the people rough and uncultured, but of kindly dispositions and respectful toward religion, often leaving their business on weekdays and traveling many miles to attend services, at which they were attentive listeners. Meeting with this encouragement on the part of the people, the preacher gladly braved the dangers of forest and stream, making the rounds of this circuit about once in two weeks and with such regularity, that during the first three years disappointments were unknown. Services being over the Preacher led the Class, and invited all serious persons to remain for same. In the interim of these ministerial visits it was the custom to hold prayer meetings at many of the preaching places, after the manner of our present class meetings, but no regular organized classes with leaders were held in the Valley of the Sinnamahoning, until they were formed in 1837 by Samuel Pitt. During 1824 the circuit rider was Rev. James Hazen, and in 1825 Rev. Nathaniel Mills was appointed by the Baltimore Conference. As he was an old man, ordained by Bishop Asbury, he was unable to endure the hardships and exposure of his appointment, and Rev. John Berien supplied the circuit during the balance of that year.

From 1826 to 1856 with the exception of three or four years, regular appointments were made, about 40 different preachers traveling the circuit during that period, and as the work increased two pastors were appointed to do a year's work.

Shippen Circuit was formed in 1856, and comprised Shippen, Portage and Lumber Townships. In 1865 the name of the Circuit was finally changed to Emporium, and G. W. C. VanFossen appointed pastor. The same year a parsonage was built on the ground now occupied by the residence of William Hackenberg.

In 1866 Rev. W. H. Stevens was appointed, to be followed during 1867 and 1868 by Rev. James Mullin, father of Hon. H. H. Mullin, editor of the Cameron County Press. During 1867 Cameron was relinquished, and the charge now consisted of five appointments, Emporium, Sizerville, Rich Valley, West Creek and Beechwood. Rev. M. L. Drum was pastor during during 1869. 1870 and 1881. He was followed by Rev. A. B. Hooven, who served during the years 1872 and 1873 and it was during his pastorate, that the old Methodist Church and the present Parsonage were erected. Unfortunately this was followed by the panic of 1874, and during the following years, and up to 1883, the trustees were kept busy taking down the Sheriff's notices of the sale of the property.

Rev. J. W. Olewine was appointed in 1874 and served two years, and he was followed in 1876 by the Rev. H. F. Cares, who also served two years. The next pastor was the Rev. John Vrooman who served three years beginning in 1878, Rev. B. H. Crever, having been appointed in 1881 served two years, to be followed in 1883 by Rev. R. H. Gilbert, now at Berwick, Pa. Mr. Gilbert was appointed for Emporium, and Rev. N. H. Schenck for the circuit. At the first quarterly meeting held, Mr. Gilbert proposed that the entire Church debt, amounting to $1,600 be paid by Thanksgiving day. The members received this proposition as an example of boyish enthusiasm, but on Thanksgiving day of that year, the Methodists were enabled to hold their first Jubilee services in honor of the liquidation of the debt on the old church. During the following year the interior of the building was improved at a cost of $700.00 and during the third year of his ministry here, in 1885, Emporium Church was set apart by the Conference as a separate charge, or single station.

In 1886 Rev. E. M. Stevens, now the Presiding Elder of Juniata District, and the son of Rev. W. H. Stevens, who had been the Pastor during the year 1866, was appointed, and during his administration, the exterior of the old church was repaired and repainted at a cost of $550.00. He remained with us for three years, and was followed in 1889 by Rev. J. W. Rue, who served four years. It was during his administration, and due to his energetic work, that the present church building was erected, and on the day of its dedication in January 1893, every dollar of its cost was provided for, but another financial panic followed the building of this church, just as it had followed in 1874, and left the church burdened with a heavy load of debt.

In 1893 Rev. E. A. Deavor became the pastor and served for three years, during which time he succeeded in paying off $5,050.00 of the indebtedness.

Continued on Fifth page.

WEATHER REPORT.
(Forecast by T. B. Lloyd.)
FRIDAY, Rain.
SATURDAY, Clearing.
SUNDAY, Fair.

CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

H. H. MULLIN, Editor.

Published Every Thursday.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Per year.....$2 00
If paid in advance..... 1 50

ADVERTISING RATES:

Advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for one insertion and fifty cents per square for each subsequent insertion

Rates by the year, or for six or three months, are low and uniform, and will be furnished on application.

Legal and Official Advertising per square, three times or less, $2; each subsequent insertion 50 cents per square.

Local notices 10 cents per line for one insertion; 5 cents per line for each subsequent consecutive insertion.

Obituary notices over five lines, 10 cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free.

Business cards, five lines or less, $5 per year; over five lines, at the regular rates of advertising.

No local inserted for less than 75 cents per issue.

JOB PRINTING.

The Job department of the PRESS is complete and affords facilities for doing the best class of work. PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO LAW PRINTING.

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

Gen. Lloyd Wheaton is very popular with his soldiers in the Philippines, who speak of him among themselves as "Old Dad." It is a favorite joke that he needs no staff, because he can make himself heard half a mile without straining himself.

Prussia has 200 meteorological stations fully equipped, 2,200 rain gage stations and 1,400 stations that record storms and unusual phenomena. The results of their observations are reduced and published for each week, for each month and for each year.

The longest bridge in the world is the Lion bridge, near Sangang, in China. It extends five and one-quarter miles over an arm of the Yellow sea, and is supported by 300 huge stone arches. The roadway is 70 feet above the water and is enclosed in an iron network.

The Kansas agricultural college is sending out $1,300 worth of prairie dog poison a month, and is unable to supply the demand. It appears that the compound it prepares is especially effective as an exterminator, two quarts being sufficient to clear an entire quarter section in the most densely infested districts.

The only Hindoo writer of English fiction is said to be Saran Kumar Ghosh. He is a Fellow of the Royal Astronomical society, and he showed such aptitude for legal work that the late Lord Chief Justice earnestly advised him to practice at the English bar. He is young, unmarried, a tenor singer of Italian love songs and Scotch ballads. He is to be presented to the king next year.

South Germany's oldest monastery, the Benedictine abbey of Wessobrun, founded in 735 and confiscated in 1803, has been restored to the Benedictine order by Baron von Cramer-Klett, a protestant, and will soon be reoccuby monks. The baron bought all the lands and remaining buildings of the old abbey from the Bavarian state for 900,000 marks and sold them to the Benedictines for a nominal sum.

In order to interest the public school children in the campaign against the browntail moth the board of trade of Lynn, Mass., has offered a prize to the grammar school in that city collecting the largest number of nests, and another prize to the room in the school with the highest average per pupil. The trees in Lynn are badly infested by the moths, and ten men are employed all the year around in removing and burning the nests.

There is no more interesting or curious sight than that of the crater Aso San, about 30 miles from the city of Kumamoto, in Japan. The crater has long since ceased to belch forth cinders and lava, and is now inhabited by 20,000 people, who live and prosper within its vertical walls, 800 feet high. The inhabitants rarely make a journey into the outer world, but form, as it were, a little nation by themselves.

Far away Japan has been penetrated by the women's club movement. The dainty little brown women who have always been likened to butterflies have become conscious that a useful life is more to be desired than an ornamental one, and they are going in for progress heart and soul. One of their "new woman" movements, called the Japan Society for the Culture of Women, already has a membership of 10,000 women in towns and villages throughout the country.

In the vast tropical forests that clothe the banks of the Amazon river and its tributaries there are gathered every year 24,000 tons of rubber, and 120,000 laborers are engaged in getting it out. This requires the tapping of some 24,000,000 trees, and, as the rubber trees are scattered through the woods, with an average of two trees to the acre, it may be taken that since the beginning of the season in last August 50,000,000 acres of Amazonian forest have been worked for rubber.

Queen Wilhelmina of Holland, unlike several other European sovereigns, can leave her dominions when she likes, and is at no time obliged to remain in her kingdom. In this respect she is more fortunate than, for instance, the young ruler of Spain and his mother, who can not leave the peninsula without previously obtaining a full-fledged permission from the national legislature. The only obligation placed upon Queen Wilhelmina in this respect is that of spending a minimum of 10 days each year at Amsterdam, which is the real metropolis.

PEACE PARTY TO BLAME.

Gen. Funston's Opinion of the American Supporters of the Philippine Rebels.

While guest of the Marquette club, Chicago, a few days ago, Gen. Frederick Funston, of Kansas, captor of Aguinaldo, spoke at some length on existing conditions in the Philippines. Among other things he said:

"Had it not been for the so-called peace party in the states the insurrection would have been suppressed finally in January, 1900. Since that time 600 lives have been sacrificed and millions of dollars have been spent. Were it not for the hope of the few leaders still under arms that the United States is on the verge of a civil war in their behalf all resistance would be at an end.

"Two negro soldiers deserted our army and for a time served in the insurgent army. They were caught and hanged. It would have been more of an act of justice had we hanged some of the people who signed the recent petition to congress asking that we confer with the Filipino leaders in an effort to secure peace.

"In the one case two ignorant beings were executed, while in the other people more guilty than they and in possession of their senses were allowed to go free.

"We are informed that Maj. Waller, one of the bravest and best officers in the army, is to be court-martialed because he shot some natives who stole the food from his starving men. If that is true, I say, 'bully for Waller.' I am glad he did it.

"What I say to-night may not be discreet, but it is the naked truth, and army officers who have served in the islands will bear out my statements. There has been so much said here at home by the other side—so much bullying by the copperheads—that I cannot remain silent.

"No matter what the cost in men and money, the insurrection must and will be suppressed. Every trace of resistance must be stamped out for all time. When that is done it will be time to decide what shall be done with the Philippines. It is not a party question, it is not a question of religion, or of race, it is a plain case of duty that must be done, and well done. Gen. King and the other officers here to-night will bear me out in that statement also.

"Through all this wretched business I have never known a wounded Filipino or a defenseless native to be maltreated or killed. So much for our critics.

"I am for my country, right or wrong, but in this case it is right. There never has been a time when we could withdraw from the islands without a total disregard for our plain duty. The responsibility for the continuance of the resistance to our army should be placed where it is due. From the lips of Aguinaldo himself, and from other leaders of the insurrection, I know that for the last two years they have been encouraged to shoot down our men and continue their warfare by the copperhead sentiments of people here in the states.

"The great mass of the natives do not know what independence is. Ninety-five per cent. want to be left alone, and prefer to be governed by others than themselves. The case of Cuba has been held up to us as an example of what we could do in the far east.

"I believe my experience in both countries has given me an insight into the character of both peoples. There are 40 Cuban leaders who are the superiors of any leader the Filipinos ever had. There is no comparison between the two. And I am not lying awake either, thinking of how I love the Cubans.

"It is a well known matter of history that when the city of Manila was surrendered to the army under Gen. Merritt and Admiral Dewey the United States was morally responsible for the welfare of some hundreds of Spanish families, some tens of thousands of Spanish soldiers, part of whom had fallen prisoners to Aguinaldo. If we had gone off and left those men to the mercy of an irresponsible, turbulent and uncontrollable mob which constituted the army of Aguinaldo there would have been a massacre that would have been at least equal to the massacres of Bulgaria and Armenia, and would have been a standing blot and disgrace to the United States. So well for holding it when the city was first taken. When has there been a time since then when we could let go? Now, will some anti-imperialist member answer me that? When could we let go?"

PERPLEXED DEMOCRATS.

Leaders Apparently Contemplating the Adoption of Republican Policies.

At the recent democratic love feast in New York an attempt was made to harmonize the Cleveland and Bryan factions by invoking memories of Tilden. Bourke Cockran spoke eloquently of the leadership of the past when Samuel J. Tilden was a force in politics, forgetful of the fact that the policy urged by Tilden was repudiated by democrats and adopted by republicans, says the Chicago Inter Ocean.

William C. Whitney, however, who was closely associated with Tilden, and who advocated a vigorous naval policy when Tiden was pleading for coast defenses, does not see any efficacy in platitudes about Tilden ideals, or about the leadership of the past. He is looking to the future and hoping that the democratic party may find a McKinley or a Roosevelt to lead it in a fight for modern ideas.

Another equally prominent New York democrat is reported to maintain that if the democracy were to go to the country under strong leadership upon the issues presented in the last address of William McKinley at Buffalo they would solve the problem of democratic unity.

The astonishing thing about all this is that the democrats who are looking to the leadership and the traditions of the past, and those who are looking to new leadership in the future, both contemplate the adoption of republican policies. The Tilden policy of 1885 was the use of the surplus in the treasury to build coast defenses, and to prepare to support by force of arms, if need be, the Monroe doctrine.

The policy was not adopted by the democrats, but was in due time taken up by the republicans, and we have now, not only a line of coast defenses, but a more powerful navy than even Mr. Whitney contemplated. Moreover, the policy enunciated by President McKinley in his address at Buffalo was the same as declared by Mr. Roosevelt in his address at Minneapolis, and it is the same policy for which President Roosevelt now stands.

The democrats who look forward, as well as those who have their eyes fixed on the past, have, then, nothing better to offer in the way of a national policy than that represented by the present republican administration. There is hardly a parallel in party history to this situation.

FOR PHILIPPINE RELIEF.

The Democratic Position on the Tariff Bill for That Purpose Is for Obstruction.

The Philippine tariff bill, as amended, passed the senate by a strict party vote. The republicans solidly supported it, the democrats with equal unanimity voting against it. The democratic attitude in the senate is practically the same as in the house, where the minority, with but few striking exceptions, also antagonized the bill at the time of its passage, says the Troy Times.

The democratic position is neither logical nor patriotic. The Philippines belong to the United States under the terms of a treaty ratified by democratic as well as republican votes in the senate. The question what shall be done with them is not a partisan one. Just at present the most vital matter is that of providing them with an income sufficient to meet the needs of government, and of relieving their industries and commerce from burdensome exactions. The tariff bill is framed with the commendable purpose of meeting these needs. Yet the democratic minority sturdily opposes the plan.

But the bill will become a law. The house is yet to act on the amendments made by the senate, though there is little likelihood of serious disagreement, and the measure is pretty certain to go to the president and to receive his approval before many days have passed. As it stands now the bill requires articles imported into the Philippines to pay such duties as may be imposed by the Philippine commission, while articles imported into the United States from the Philippines shall pay a duty of 75 per cent. of the rates fixed by the Dingley law on imports from other countries, less the export duty that may be levied at the shipping point. Relief from the navigation laws of the United States is also granted to commerce passing between the Philippines and this country, and the internal revenue laws of the United States are suspended so far as concerns articles manufactured in bonded manufacturing warehouses of imported materials or of materials subject to such tax and shipped to the Philippines.

All the duties and taxes collected under the law are to be paid into the treasury of the Philippine islands. In short, in order to help the islands the American government surrenders a considerable portion of the income it might otherwise receive. This is the same broad policy it has pursued toward Porto Rico and is proof of its kindly spirit toward its far eastern possessions.

BRYAN DEPRECATES HILL.

Not in Sympathy with the Cloud-Raising Trumpeter of the Empire State.

Mr. Bryan considers the latest epoch-making appearance of Mr. Hill in The Commoner and indicates that he is not deeply impressed thereby. He has, of course, reasons personal and peculiar for his lack of sympathy, but some of his opinions will be pretty generally shared by his countrymen, for Mr. Hill has ceased to be a novelty as an epoch-maker. His great speeches are found always to resolve themselves into reverberating sound. They are so vague and illusory as to suggest the simile employed in a recent review of a work by Victor Hugo: "When it is all ended and one looks back it is as if one tried to recall the shapes and colors of an avalanche of clouds seen by night over a wide and tossing sea."

If Mr. Hill has not quite all of Hugo's eloquence he is a cloud raiser in his own way and more given to clangor and clamor than to sense, says the Chicago Record-Herald. The famous "I am a democrat" never had any meaning. It was crude clap-trap. And Bryan is wholly justified in saying that Hill's position on the money question is that of an artful dodger. The speech at the Manhattan club at New York is a clear case of dodge itself, and it recalls the time when most of the politicians were dodging and Hill was trying to be the most artful of them all.

He then discovered the expression "free bimetallic coinage" and used it in one of the epoch-making addresses. It was considered a very pretty patent by the Hill claque of that day, but the people are not captivated by mere evasion, and even the politicians have outlived evasion on the money question since a straight issue was made of it.

When the ex-senator speaks now of declaration "in favor of the general principle of bimetallism" he talks like a ghost suddenly sprung upon us out of the dead past.

DRIFT OF OPINION.

☞Col. Bryan now admits that he talked too much in 1896 and 1900. But the admission is not startlingly new. There once was a parrot which made the same confession.—Troy Times.

☞The democratic politicians who are trying to make political capital out of the visit of Prince Henry are likely to discover that the German-Americans have votes.—Cleveland Leader.

☞The headlines of a democratic paper declare "that the greatest business revival now obtains in the states south of Mason and Dixon's line." This is doubtless true, but it came with republican policies.—Indianapolis Journal.

☞There are a few silver men left. Twenty-five out of the 41 silver members of the Colorado legislature have asked the democratic state convention to name a free silver candidate for senator. Better have your fun now, for Colorado will soon come into the republican column and all silver men will then be sent to the extreme rear.—Iowa State Register.

PERILOUS MARCH.

Maj. Waller Tells About His Journey Across Samar.

Starting with 50 Men, Eleven of Them Died from Exhaustion -- The Party Suffered Countless Hardships--Expedition a Failure.

Washington, March 20.—The navy department has made public another report from Maj. Waller, recounting in detail the stirring events of his tragic effort to cross the island of Samar. Maj. Waller begins with a statement that Lieut. Williams, Seventh infantry, who had returned from a 12 days' trip in a fruitless search for a trail, and Capt. Pickering urged him not to make the attempt to cross Samar on account of the difficulties. But he decided to make the attempt in view of the commanding general's evident desire to find the trail and run a wire across, starting with 50 men on December 26 from Lanang. The rivers were much swollen and it took a long time to get the boat through the rapids. Trails were picked up only to be lost again and the rain came down in torrential bursts. The river the men were following curved almost to a circle, and the banks held no trails. The route crossed and recrossed the river every few minutes, and the men began to develop water sores and chafes. The knowledge that they made four or five miles in direction for each 12 miles of march was depressing. On the 30th reduced rations were issued.

A raft was built, but sank with one man on it. Starting down the river, word came to Waller that many men could not keep up, so he decided to forge ahead for relief with 15 of the strongest men, leaving Capt. Porter in command of the main body

Word from the rear was that the men could make only three miles a day. There was only enough bacon to fry the potatoes. The natives were reported to be threatening Porter and altogether the expedition was in a bad way. Two natives were captured and pressed into service as guides. Finally the Spanish trail was found, but simultaneously a large boat was discovered and the start was made for Basey. The report says:

"The men, realizing that all was over and that they were safe, and once more near home, gave up. Some quietly wept, others laughed hysterically. Most of the men had no shoes; cut, torn, bruised and dilapidated, they had marched without murmur for 29 days, and had accomplished what no white troops had done before."

At Basey Waller was taken sick with fever, and suffered also from his injured ankle. He says that the expedition was of no value except to show that the mountains can be penetrated and that there are no insurgents there.

Waller says that he was the only one of his party able to move on February 8. Ten of the men died of exhaustion and one in the hospital. All of the others, except Capt. Beares, Lieut. Halford, Lieut. Lyles and Maj. Waller himself, either were or had been in the hospital at the date of the report. The length of his march was 250 miles.

QUESTION OF TITLE.

The Senate's Isthmian Commission Argues It.

Washington, March 20.—Senator Morgan, from the committee on isthmian canals, has presented to the senate the majority and minority reports of that committee on the question of the validity of the title of the new Panama Canal Co. and its right to transfer the Panama canal property to the United States for $40,000,000.

The objections of the majority to the title held by that company are based largely on the relations of the canal company to the governments of France and Colombia, but the committee also discusses at length many other phases of the question. Among these is the relation of the shareholders who subscribed $260,000,000 to the old Panama Co., whose interests, the report holds, cannot be lightly regarded. On this point the report says:

"The spectacle of the United States congress authorizing the president, as the agent of our government, to conduct a trade with such a corporation (the new Panama Co.) without consulting France as to the claim of independence it (the new Panama Co.) asserts, will be entirely new in the history of nations and its consequences cannot be lightly disregarded.

"Among these is the serious danger of the United States being drawn into disagreeable relations with a large and influential body of the people of France whose friendship for us has been cherished during the entire life of our republic, and had its origin in magnanimous sacrifices for our country when this government was in the travail of its birth. Unfortunately the report of the isthmian canal commission reveals the fact that the men who make us the offer are chief among those who defrauded these 600,000 or 800,000 Frenchmen of $250,000,000."

The minority report completely upholds the title of the New Panama Co.

Found No Clew.

Indianapolis, March 20.—Adams Express Co. officials say, concerning the disappearance of L. S. McKee, of Indianapolis, their messenger running from Indianapolis to St. Louis, on March 3, that absolutely no clew has been found. The whole country has been covered with pictures and descriptions of McKee.

Fertilizer Plant Destroyed.

Columbus, O., March 20.—The warehouse of the Ohio Farmers' Fertilizer Co., covering about two acres, was burned last night. Loss $60,000; fully insured.

A FIGHT IN COURT.

Merger of New York's Street Railways Is Involved--History of the Case.

New York, March 22.—Argument was heard by Justice Gildersleeve in the supreme court Friday in the proceedings begun by H. Contente and by I. and S. Wormser to restrain the proposed lease of the Metropolitan street railway to the Interurban Street Railway Co. Both actions are based on the claim that the action contemplated, which was ratified at a meeting of the stockholders on Thursday, is illegal and fraudulent in that it involves the transfer of the earnings of the Metropolitan system to persons other than the stockholders of the company.

It is also contended that the privilege given to the Metropolitan stockholders to subscribe for stock of the Metropolitan Securities Co., which it is proposed shall operate the system, was in effect a bribe to secure the approval of two-thirds of the stockholders, and is a violation of the rights of those who do not approve the scheme. The argument was opened for the plaintiffs by Treadwell Cleveland.

Mr. Cleveland recited the principal points of the agreement between the Metropolitan Street Railway Co. and the Interurban Railway Co. He said:

"This little Interurban Co. with a $500,000 capital assures a 7 per cent. dividend on $52,000,000 worth of Metropolitan stock. The gist of the plan is this: To this little railroad is to be leased all the great property of the Metropolitan and what is it to pay? Twenty-three millions. What is it they receive? I assert that the Metropolitan has in its treasury today $13,000,000 of unpledged securities. It also has $11,000,000 of bonds.

"The Interurban is to pay $25,000,000 on the installment plan, when it can. In return the Metropolitan turns over to the Interurban $24,000,000. The Interurban is to guarantee the stockholders of the Metropolitan 7 per cent. dividends. The Metropolitan, according to shrewd men, is a good stock. In ten years it will be vastly more valuable. The stockholders will thus be juggled out of their earnings on the long years of prosperity before this concern. This is a ity before this concern. This is a bold, a remarkable plan by which a small band of Wall and Pine street gentlemen hope to get hold of an enormously wealthy property."

Mr. Cleveland contended that the Interurban Co. was merely a blind to enable the Metropolitan Securities Co. to get hold of the Metropolitan road.

Mr. Guthrie in reply declared that many of the statements made by Mr. Cleveland were without foundation.

"Every step in this matter has been taken at the advice of eminent counsel," he said. "There may have been mistakes of judgment, but these were not the fault of the stockholders."

Mr. Guthrie said that at present there were 580 miles of New York streets on which were run horse cars. Under the new system the motive power in these streets would be changed to electricity. Mr. Guthrie declared that last year the Metropolitan system had been operated at a deficit of $31,000. He contended that the directors had the interest of the small stockholders at heart when they came to consider the financial situation. Mr. Guthrie then went into the history of the lease of the Metropolitan system to the Interurban. He said that the whole matter had for its singleness of purpose the protection of the Metropolitan Street Railway Co. stockholders. There was no community of interest between the Metropolitan Railway Co. and the Interurban. They had entirely different directors and officers. Judge Gildersleeve reserved his decision.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

Evidences of Improvement are Numerous in All Branches of Industry.

New York, March 22.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade says: Evidences of further improvement are numerous. Labor controversies are less threatening, many settlements having been effected, while others are momentarily anticipated; wages have been advanced, not only through strikes, but in some cases voluntarily; traffic congestion has subsided until it is possible to deliver goods according to specifications. Aside from some idle footwear shops, the leading lines of manufacture are very fully engaged, while jobbing trade is of exceptional magnitude. Retail dealings are also very large, the Easter stimulus being felt in all lines of wearing apparel. With domestic demands so vigorous, it is especially encouraging to notice a gain from the last week on foreign trade at the principal ports.

Pressure for iron and steel has not diminished perceptibly, yet the impression is growing that after July 1 the situation will become approximately normal and it will be possible to secure deliveries with some degree of promptness. This is the more probable as there has been a further stiffening of quotations and additional importations.

Barge and Five Men Lost.

Boston, March 22.—Capt. Keane, of the tug Edward Lukenbach, which arrived here Friday from Newport News, reports the loss of the barge Hamilton, which his tug had in tow, off Highland light on Wednesday. It is feared that the barge has foundered and that Capt. Shoemaker and his crew of four men were drowned.

A Close Contest.

Ann Arbor, Mich., March 22.—George W. Maxey, of Forest City, Pa., won the University of Michigan oratorical contest last night and received the Chicago alumni bronze medal and $75 in gold. Sylvester J. Kohn, of Cleveland, took second and the $50 prize. Stuart Wells Utley, of Detroit, got third. The contest was an extremely close one, and in the case of Kohn and Utley, there was a tie on total marks. Maxey will represent Michigan in the inter-collegiate contest, and Kohn will go as alternate.

A GRAVE CHARGE.

Publishing Firm Accused of Defrauding Through Mail.

Post Office Detectives Take Action in the Case and the Arrest of Officers of the Philadelphia Concern Soon Follow--Victims Badly Fooled.

Philadelphia, March 21.—Charles R. Graham, president of the People's Publishing Co.; William L. Holloway, former manager of the company, and George Y. Clements, former assistant manager, were yesterday held in $2,000 bail each for trial on the charge of using the mails to cheat and defraud.

The charge was preferred by Post Office Inspector Holden, who testified at the hearing that the People's Co. had for a long time past been making a practice of securing agents for the sale of alleged worthless books. He said they employed canvassers and general agents to dispose of their publications. It is alleged that the sum of $900 is asked from the agents, with the understanding that it is to be used as a deposit as an expression of good faith for one year's time. At the expiration of the year, if the agreement is found to be unsatisfactory, the deposit money is to be returned.

According to letters received by the post office authorities from Prof. L. R. Thomas, of Wilkinsburg, Pa.; F. D. Owings, of Knoxville, Tenn.; George Spiney, of Pittsburg, and many others, this agreement has not been adhered to.

The alleged victims assert that when they receive the books they find them valueless for canvassing.

William L. Halloway and George Y. Clements recently went out of the People's Publishing Co. and started a concern of their own called the "Dominion Company."

The books of the People's Publishing Co. are allowed to be valueless and the business of the general agents of the defendants in securing other sub-agents, is said to have netted them $25,000, as far as is at present known by the post office authorities.

Cincinnati, March 21.—Lewis R. Holloway was arrested Thursday, charged with using the mails to defraud. The complaint was made by J. W. Fulton, of Columbus, O., who says Holloway obtained from him $800 in payment for an outfit as salesman for the People's Publishing Co. Fulton was to sell books at a salary of $1,500 a year. He alleges that he has been defrauded by representations sent him through the mail by Holloway. The post office inspectors who had charge of the case, say that complaints have come from other persons, of experiences similar to that of Fulton. Holloway gave bail.

WILL BE WOUND UP.

A "Tontine Association" Is Ordered to Cease Business—Was a Gold Mine for Its Managers.

Minneapolis, Minn., March 21.—Judge McGhee in an order filed Thursday dissolved the Tontine Savings association. The charter and articles of incorporation are declared forfeited. George P. Flannery, attorney, has been appointed receiver and directed to take charge of the company's effects and convert them into cash.

According to the memorandum, when the present company was re-organized, May 4, 1898, there was practically a deficit of $23,520 from its predecessor. It has done a tremendous business since then, but upwards of 90 per cent has been outside of the state. Owing to the "endless chain" features of the company's plan, the liability grew each year. Up to December 7, 1901, the memorandum says, the deficit had increased in three years, seven months and three days from $23,520, to $1,292,290.

From Judge McGhee's memorandum it appears that the five directors of the association, on a paid up capital of only $2,750, received in 1901 the sum of $89,000 in dividends and $25,000 in the same way in the first 32 days of 1902.

ON A HERESY CHARGE.

A Prominent Methodist Preacher Is Cited to Appear for Trial.

McPherson, Kan., March 21.—Rev. Granville Louther, pastor of a local church, was served with papers at a Methodist Episcopal conference here yesterday charging him with heresy and setting forth that he would be tried at Arkansas City, Kan., March 26. Rev. Louther is charged with being guilty "of disseminating doctrines contrary to and subversive of the doctrines of the Methodist Episcopal church," and it is alleged that he is "Atheistic and evolutionistic."

Mr. Louther has been identified for years with the Kansas State Holiness association as its president. He believes that in religion, as well as in world building, good is proceeding from lower to higher forms and that this process must continue in the future as it has in the past. He contends that creeds are valuable only as landmarks.

Jose Andrade Dies.

New York, March 21.—Jose Andrade, for six years Venezuelan minister at Washington, died Thursday at his home in this city, aged 64. He had occupied nearly every high political office in Venezuela.

A Pythian Conclave.

Chicago, March 21.—Knighthood flowered in Chicago yesterday. It was the day that had been set apart as one of jubilee for all Knights of Pythias in the supreme domain and 50,000 members of the order were in attendance. They poured into the city till dusk, thronged the corridors of every appointed rendezvous, marched through the streets behind a score of bands and finally assembled at the Coliseum in such numbers that thousands were turned away. Those that were barred from the hall of conclave gathered elsewhere.

GRANDMOTHER'S EASTER HYMN.

By Mrs. Findley Braden.

EVERY year she softly sang it, bending 'bove the lilies there,
With the sunlight dancing, glancing, resting on her silv'ry hair;
And her voice still sweet, though quav'ring, mingling with the bells' clear chime,
Is a memory most precious, of our earliest Easter time!

"Jesus Christ is risen to-day,
Alleluia!
Our triumphant holy day,
Alleluia!
Who did once upon the Cross,
Alleluia!
Suffer to redeem our loss.
Alleluia!"

And at church one Easter morning, I remember how she sang,
In her pew so feebly sitting, loudly the responses rang!
Hymn-book grasped by trembling fingers, dim blue eyes upraised in prayer,
Every word so long consoling, rounded out with tender care:

"Hymns of praise then let us sing,
Alleluia!
Unto Christ our Heavenly King,
Alleluia!
Who endured the Cross and Grave,
Alleluia!
Sinners to redeem and save.
Alleluia!"

How we children loved to listen, while she sung for us alone,
Sitting in the Easter twilight, even when far older grown!
She would speak of Christ's great suff'ring, death, and resurrection too,
Ending with these Easter hymn-words, all so wonderful and true:

"But the pain which He endured,
Alleluia!
Our salvation hath procured.
Alleluia!
Now above the sky He's King,
Alleluia!
Where the angels ever sing.
Alleluia!"

Long she's sung with myriad angels, round the shining throne above,
Seeing too the risen Saviour, whom she ever knew to love;
And perhaps this hymn inspiring, she so treasured here below,
Is repeated in remembrance of their dear Lord's earthly woe:

"Jesus Christ is risen to-day,
Alleluia!
Our triumphant holy day,
Alleluia!
Who did once upon the Cross,
Alleluia!
Suffer to redeem our loss,
Alleluia!"

—N. Y. Observer.

THE MESSAGE OF THE LILIES

By L. McRoss.

"WHY, yes, Mis' Barr, of course we must have the church dec'rated Easter; we always do. Mis' Perkins, the minister's wife that was here before you came, was a master hand to fix up the church. I'd be proper glad to let you have some of my plants, only I know just how they'd look when they'd come home; ev'rybody'd be a-helpin' themselves to slips an' pickin' off the flowers. You can have that wanderin-jew, though; it wandered off'n the shelf onto the floor, an' broke it up some. Sister Wilder'll prob'ly let you have hers if you'll go an' git 'em an' bring 'em home ag'in. They're all covered with red spiders an all manner of creepies, so it won't hurt 'em to go most anywheres."

Mrs. Barr could not restrain a smile as she said: "I have heard that Miss Prescott had a great many handsome plants; perhaps—"

"Land of freedom!" interrupted Mrs. Saunders. "You don't think of askin' her for any, do you?"

"Why not?"

"Why not!" scornfully; "because she never gives nor does anything for anybody but herself, an' hasn't for more'n fifteen years!"

"Did anything happen—"

"Yes, I suppose there did," Mrs Saunders again interrupted. "Olivia Prescott wa'n't more'n seventeen or so when she an' Philip Eustis was keepin' company, in spite of the Squire who did his best to stop it. 'Livia's mother was dead, an' the Squire brought his girl up awful strict; wouldn't listen to an engagement between such children, as he called 'em. But the trouble all come over religion; beats all how folks will quarrel over religion!"

"Over beliefs," Mrs. Barr quickly corrected her. "It is difference of belief that often kindles quarrels which true religion must heal."

"Religion never healed that one. You see, Phil was strong Episcopal, an' Squire Prescott was just the unitest kind of a Unitarian, an' I s'pose there is some difference between the two. Well, just this same day, the Saturday before Eeaster, Phil went to get 'Livia to help dec'rate the church, 'cause sometimes she used to go with him to the Episcopal. He an' the Squire got to arguin, just as they always did when they met, an' got to quarrelin', just as they always did when they argued. Somehow 'Livia got drawn into the jangle, an' at last the Squire brought his fist down an' says: 'Olivia Prescott, don't you ever dare set foot inside that Episcopal church ag'n; if you do I'll—' but he never finished, for 'Livia spoke up: 'You needn't be afraid that I will go into that or any other church again as long as I live! If religion can breed such angry words and hard feelings I don't want it! As for you, Philip Eustis, before I speak to you again you will have time to get that temper of yours under better control!'

"By the time she was through talking both men had cooled off some and tried to make her take back what she had said; but 'twan't in her to take back, any more'n 'twas in the Squire. She's never been to church since and she and Phil never made up."

"What has become of Philip Eustis?"

"He went off out west somewheres. The old Squire died a few years ago, an' late years 'Livia doesn't go hardly anywheres."

"At any rate, I think I shall call upon her," decided Mrs. Barr, as she at last rose to go.

"You won't get any further than her doorstep if you try," answered Mrs. Saunders, laughing indulgently.

"Are you sure?"

"Yes, sure. When you ring, 'Livia'll come to the door; she won't ask you in, but just stand there and freeze you with her cold looks until you'll be glad to go home."

"Mrs Saunders was not far wrong," Mrs. Barr thought, as she was confronted by Olivia, standing tall and straight in the doorway, a look of inquiry upon her cold, handsome face.

"I am Mrs. Barr, the minister's wife," she introduced herself, with an embarrassed smile. "May I come in and talk to you a few moments?"

In silence Olivia led the way to the sitting-room. It was a chilly April day, but the wood fire blazing upon the hearth made the room warm and cheerful. Soft carpets, rich hangings, well-filled book-cases and a table piled high with the latest books and periodicals spoke of the occupant's luxurious tastes.

Olivia made no effort to break the silence, and at last Mrs. Barr said:

"Ever since I came here I have been hoping to meet you, Miss—"

"I am not a member of any church; it has been many years since I was in a church, and I never intend to go again."

She spoke decidedly, but without anger, and Mrs. Barr looked perplexed.

"I am sorry, not alone for ourselves, though with your abilities you might do a great deal for us, but I am sorry for you, too, because you are losing the happiness that comes from doing and giving."

Olivia gave no sign of interest, and Mrs. Barr did not have the courage to pursue such a one-sided conversation. She looked toward the large bay window filled with blooming plants; conspicuous among them was a tier of Easter lilies, a mass of snowy, fragrant bloom.

"'Consider the lilies,'" quoted Mrs. Barr, reverently. "Do you consider them?"

"I have taken all the care of them since I put the bulbs into the soil, so I suppose that I have considered them more or less every day."

"I do not mean their manner of growth alone, nor the beautiful raiment; have you thought of the pleasure that the sight of them would give to those who never see a flower during the long, cold winter?"

"I suppose you mean that I ought to send them to the church to-morrow," said Olivia, contemptuously.

"We certainly would like them there, but you can do good with them by sending them to other places. You can put them into the homes of the poor and sick, and every lily-bell will ring out a message of love and gladness."

There was another long silence; and finally the discouraged Mrs. Barr rose and took her leave.

As soon as she had gone Olivia took up a book and read a page or two mechanically; but the only words that she saw were: "Consider the lilies; consider the lilies." And the air of the room was heavy with their perfume.

"I've been staying in the house too closely," she thought. "I'll go to the woods and get rid of this mental fuzz."

On her way she passed a little cottage; at the window was a crippled boy caressing the leaves of a sickly flowerless geranium.

"Consider the lilies; consider the lilies." The words rang in her ears, whistled through the leafless branches and vibrated in the air.

She filled her hands with twigs of budding willows, partridge vine and princess pine, and hurried nervously home. When she opened the door the lily-scented air rushed upon her with sickening force; she sank into a chair, and looked at the lilies long and steadily until the beautiful waxen bells changed to reproachful faces. Old memories crowded upon her—of that quarrel years ago; of Philip Eustis, her father and old schoolmates. Somehow she felt that she had not done altogether well. The past years seemed so barren and useless; the future loomed before her dreary and desolate.

She went upstairs, shut the door to keep out the scent of the lilies, and again tried to read, but the lilies kept telling their story. She threw down her book and sprang angrily to her feet.

"Consider the lilies! Consider the lilies!" she cried. "It seems to me I am considering them whether I want to or not! I'll try repeating the words a hundred times; they say that is the way to lay such haunts!"

Back and forth she walked, repeating the words over and over; but the charm failed. The perfume of the lilies stole into her room, and their message surged through her brain as she lay awake through the long night. She rose in the morning unrefreshed by sleep, but with mind at rest. After breakfast she said to Jane Simmons her old housekeeper "Jane, can you harness Prince into the open wagon?"

"Why, yes, of course I kin; but what are you going t› do with him on a Sunday?" asked Jane, with the familiarity born of 20 years' faithful service.

"You'll see," was the smiling answer. The smile was as rare as the flushed face and elated manner. Jane stared a few moments, then went reluctantly to the stable.

"Now help me put these lilies into the wagon," was Olivia's next command. The lilies were followed by palms, ferns and flowering plants until the wagon was full; then Olivia drove away, and Jane gazed after her, muttering:

"She's either gone clear out of her senses, or else," Jane paused, "she's come into them; now, which is it?"

There was more astonishment than reverence in the faces of the congregation assembled in the old meeting-house that Easter morning. Olivia sitting in the Prescott pew! Oliva's lilies perfuming the air, her flowers making the dingy room beautiful! What could have worked the miracle?

Oliva was outwardly calm and attentive; in reality she was thinking of the little cripple who had that morning

"I HAVE COME TO ASK YOUR FORGIVENESS."

clasped in his arms a pot of her choicest lilies; she could see him as he touched the flowers with his lips, laid his thin cheeks against them, and hugged them in an ecstasy of enjoyment. She thought, too, of Auntie Cooper, bedridden for many years, and of how the tears had run down the old woman's cheeks as she clasped the lilies in her arms. And as she thought of these things she closed her eyes and murmured:

"I thank Thee, Lord, not alone for these lilies, the emblem of His resurrection, but also that I, Olivia, have at last come out of the grave of selfishness, where I have lain buried by pride and stubbornness."

The sermon was ended and the benediction spoken, yet not one of the congregation moved; they stood, almost breathlessly watching Olivia until the minister stepped from the pulpit and walked toward her pew; then old friends surged around her, with kind faces and cheery voices. She met them with outstretched hand and friendly smile and led them to the lilies.

"I have never before had so many nor so fine lilies. I want to give them to you." The hardness and coldness had left her face; instead there shone a warmth of tenderness and glow of kindness.

"You see I have 'Considered the lilies,'" she said, as she handed a pot of them to Mrs. Barr.

"Seems as if you an' the lilies must be related, 'Livy, you look so much alike," said old Mrs. Price, as she looked first at Olivia and then at the lilies.

A flash of color swept over Olivia's face, leaving it deadly pale. Philip Eustis had once told her that she was like the pale, slender lilies, and that he loved them for the likeness!

Reaction from her excited feelings was fast taking place, fatigue and depression of spirits settled upon her. With a weary smile she said good-by. As she stepped into the church vestibule a man came forward to greet her, "Olivia!" he said, and held out his hand.

Pale, trembling, bewildered, she put her hand in his and looked into his face.

"Philip!"

"Olivia, I came back here just to get a glimpse of you; I didn't expect that you would care to see me after all this time; but something in your face this morning, while I watched you giving away your lilies, gave me courage to wait and speak to you."

'You did right," she said, as they turned together and walked slowly down the path from the church.

"I have come to ask your forgiveness."

"My forgiveness, Phil!" she exclaimed; and the old name sounded good from her lips. "It is I who should ask yours, for it was I who did the wrong, not you. I had shut you out; I had determined to forget you, and I had almost succeeded. And all these days my heart has been hardened against the good. I have been selfish, so selfish. But it is over now; the flowers, Phil, my Easter lilies, they made me see and understand. I have asked God to forgive me, too?"

He smiled at her without answering, but she understood.

"We must both forgive," she said.

"And with your forgiving you must also give."

She looked up.

"Will you give me—yourself?" he questioned.

There was a glow in her eyes as she put out her hand to touch his sleeve.

"Yes, Phil," she said, quietly, "though I don't deserve it. I should have been punished more. Instead, I am made happy."

They drove home together in the wagon, and Olivia laughed over it.

"See," she said, suddenly, as they passed a small house at the end of the village, "it is the little cripple to whom I took some flowers!"

The boy in the window waved his hand and laughed to them, and the blossoms by his side seemed to nod, too.

"They have done so much good—the lilies," said Olivia, looking up into her companion's face. "We must have them every year, Phil, you and I."—Woman's Home Companion.

EASTER EGG-ROLLING.

One Day in the Year the Little Folks May Play in the President's Yard.

In the Woman's Home Companion Waldon Fawcett gives a lively description of the children's egg-rolling carnival which takes place every year in the president's yard:

"The event of the day—the climax looked forward to by the older folks as well as the juvenile visitors—comes when the president, who has from time to time all day peeped out at the glad gathering, steps out on the veranda of the white house and bows in greeting to the sea of little upturned faces. Then as the band strikes up some patriotic air the youngsters all shout lustily and clap their hands, and as likely as not testify their appreciation in some of these unique unconventional ways so dear to the hearts of youth, and which are prone to make the dignitary on the portico laugh outright.

"The one element of seriousness which characterizes this great outing you may discover as you stroll down to the little building which ordinarily serves as a 'central station' for the policemen who guard the white house grounds. For this one day, however, the watchmen's house is transformed into an asylum for lost little folks. Hither the big blue-coated officers bring the little tots who chance to go astray in the great medley of humanity, and here a nurse soothes and comforts the tiny weeper until the inevitable anxious mother appears. At a recent egg-rolling festival there were 27 'lost children' in the little habitation at one time, but mothers and nurses so universally understand where to seek for missing little ones that scarcely any confusion is caused by these separations."

HOME OF THE EASTER LILY.

Bermuda, Once Called "The Isle of Devils," Curiously Enough Bears This Distinction.

There is a striking analogy in the fact that Bermuda, the home of the Easter lily, was called, on its discovery, "the Isle of Devils."

Although the lilies of Bermuda—the fields white with their satiny leaves, the air heavy with their fragrance—have been known and loved by all visitors to the "isles of summer," they did not become "Easter lilies" until so recently as 1875. It is said that they were introduced into the United States in that year by an American woman who brought a few plants to a Philadelphia florist. Charmed by the beauty of the flowers, he cultivated the plants carefully from the bulbs until he had a number. Other florists purchased from him, then bulbs were imported from Bermuda, and now the lily is grown here profusely in all the hothouses.

The tremendous growth in the last 25 years in the custom of celebrating Easter by decoration of churches and homes has made exportation of the bulbs one of the principal industries of Bermuda, as the lily of that country became associated by "natural selection" with Easter. Its beautiful chalice, its delicacy of form and color, its mystic perfume, all tend to suggest the fresh, pure beauty of spring and its herald, Easter.

The lily fields are not exceedingly large, as a rule, and seldom contain more than a few acres. The largest bulbs are sent to London and New York, as they command the highest prices in those cities. The bulbs of medium size also are exported, the planters reserving only the smallest for their own use.—N. Y. Tribune.

A Peril Gone By.

"Thank goodness, Easter is over!"

"Why so grateful?"

"Oh, Harry and I always go to church cross Easter morning; he never likes my hat and I never like his necktie."—Brooklyn Life.

No Joy in His Cup.

Wyld—The paper says Easter will be pleasant.

Mack—Not for me. I refused to buy my wife a new bonnet.—Harlem Life.

DISTRESS IN HAWAII.

An Englishman Claims that Annexation Has Been a Bad Thing for the Islanders.

London, March 22.—The Saturday Review, continuing its anti-American campaign, publishes a long communication from Alfred Stead, son of William T. Stead, the editor, picturing the alleged deplorable condition of Hawaii as a result of annexation to the United States.

Mr. Stead says that unvarying lament is heard from every class, whether planter, merchant or member of the government, to the effect that Hawaii has reaped no good from annexation. The foremost advocates of annexation in 1898 are now the most bitter and outspoken in bewailing its accomplishment. Mr. Stead says that the application of the American coastwise navigation laws has deprived the islands of the use of 371,863 tons of shipping annually, thus crippling trade and raising freight rates.

The wealthy inhabitants of the islands, continues Mr. Stead, when they are in a hurry to reach the Pacific coast are frequently forced to take passage on a foreign vessel and pay a fine of $200 in addition to their fare.

The frequent calls of transports are disliked, since they almost always bring smallpox or some other contagion requiring quarantine, and the exclusion of the Chinese is ruining the labor market.

The tariff concessions to Cuba threaten to kill the sugar industry. America has twice prevented Hawaii from obtaining a cable. Hawaii is thus cut off from newspaper publicity which is essential to securing speedy reforms.

DECLARE IT VACANT.

Republicans Reach a Decision in a Contest for a Seat in Congress—Big Frauds Discovered.

Washington, March 21.—In the contested election case of William H. Horton vs. James J. Butler, from the Twelfth Missouri district, the republican members of election committee No. 1 have decided to recommend that the seat be declared vacant.

The decision to declare the seat vacant followed exhaustive hearings by the committee. Members of the committee say this disclosed that the registry lists contained about 14,000 names which could not be located at the places of residence designated, nor were these names in the last census returns, nor in the city directory of St. Louis. The committee found that about 9,500 of these doubtful names appeared in the voting lists, of which it was estimated that Butler received about 7,000 and Horton about 2,500. In view of these facts the republican members decided to declare the seat vacant.

BLACK VS. WHITE.

A Race Battle in Kentucky—Two Negroes Killed and Others Terribly Beaten.

Paducah, Ky., March 21.—Great excitement prevails at Madrid Bend, Ky., 40 miles below Hickman, on the Tennessee line. Two negroes were killed by white men and three were horribly beaten. Elijah Drake, colored, it is claimed, was caught stealing chickens and was attacked by enraged whites, being driven into the Mississippi river and shot dead. The body floated to shore and the white men made another negro tie a rope around the body and pull it out to deep water.

The white men then attacked four other negroes living in the neighborhood who, it is claimed, were implicated. The negroes showed fight and in the melee that followed, Jim Stewart, a negro, was shot and killed. The other three negroes were then almost beaten to death. There is fear of further trouble and the law-abiding citizens have asked the governor to offer a reward for the apprehension and punishment of the murderers.

Piano Factory in Flames.

New York, March 21.—Hardman, Peck & Co., piano manufacturers, suffered a loss of $300,000, or possibly more, by the destruction last night by fire of their plant. The fire started from some unknown cause in the packing room. There it quickly spread throughout the entire building. The roof of the building fell in soon after. Just west of the building, which was about 100 feet in length, and right on the river front, stood a frame stable. On the roof of this were a number of firemen. When the walls fell a lot of debris fell on the roof of the stable, injuring one fireman and one spectator.

Death Ended the Masquerade.

Petersburg, Va., March 22.—Ettrick, a small manufacturing village, had a genuine sensation Friday in the discovery that John Green, a person who posed before the world for 35 years as a married man and who has died, was a woman. The discovery was made by neighbors who were called in to prepare the remains for burial. The wife in the partnership survives.

Floods in Maine.

Bangor, Me., March 22.—Flood news of an alarming nature comes from the Aroostook, Machias and Union rivers. On the Aroostook it is reported that the new mill of the Ashland Manufacturing Co., at Ashland, and thirty million feet of logs are in danger of being carried out. Should this occur the loss will be from $300,000 to $400,000.

Offers a Huge Bonus.

Liverpool, March 21.—The Ogden Cigarette Co., recently purchased by the American Tobacco Co., has answered the prospectus of the Imperial Tobacco Co. in sensational manner. In a circular issued Thursday the Ogdens offer their customers bonuses of the entire net profit of the concern and $1,000,000 per annum for the next four years. The Imperial Tobacco Co. is made up of many of the leading tobacco manufacturers of England. They are fighting the American company to retain control of the trade in England.

GEN. MILES' CASE.

President Roosevelt Will Probably Retire Head of Army.

The General Talks Too Much--The President Is Said to be Tired of Army Quarrels and Talks with His Advisers as to Course to be Pursued.

Washington, March 22.—The statements made Thursday by Gen. Miles before the senate committee on military affairs, one of which was that if the bill introduced by Senator Hawley at the instance of the war department for the organization of a general staff for the army should become a law he would decline to hold his commission, were discussed by the president yesterday with a number of his callers. There is little doubt that these statements will ultimately lead to Gen. Miles' retirement by the president. In discussing the matter with his callers, among whom were senators and representatives, the president took the position that the lieutenant-general of the army should entertain toward his superiors the same respect that he would expect and demand from his subordinates.

The printed testimony of Gen. Miles has not yet been made public and it is understood that it will be submitted to him for approval. It is well understood that a great deal of what the general said will not appear in the record. Members of the committee say the published report was correct in substance in every particular. At the same time these senators do not agree that Gen. Miles can be punished for his utterances before the committee, whether they appear in the record or not. Of course the committee could take no action to prevent the retirement of Gen. Miles. That, under the law, is purely an executive act and needs no confirmation or approval by the senate.

It is significant that long after the cabinet meeting adjournment Secretary Root and the attorney general were closeted with the president. The president is known to have stated that he was tired of the friction in the army, and he will at no distant day take action looking to the retirement of Gen. Miles.

Secretary Root was in consultation for some time with President Roosevelt at the White House last night regarding the statement of Gen. Miles before the military affairs committee of the senate. Senator Spooner also was present. Secretary Root declined to talk for publication concerning the matter, saying that he had not read the testimony given by Gen. Miles before the committee. It is understood that Gen. Miles has been furnished the stenographic report of his testimony for revision.

DISASTROUS CAVEIN.

Houses on Park Avenue, New York City, Sink as a Result of Work on a Big Tunnel.

New York, March 22.—Park avenue, this city, on Friday was again the scene of an accident which, while it entailed no loss of life, caused a property loss of considerable proportions. The brown stone fronts of several four-story private houses on the east side of the avenue sank because of the undermining of the foundations by excavations for the rapid transit tunnel. The first serious cave-in occurred when the sidewalk and areaway of No. 55 Park avenue sank to a considerable depth, leaving the front wall with no support and exposing the cellar. The houses on either side of No. 55 were also rendered unsafe. Later in the afternoon there occurred a further settling of the walls and sidewalks, and the residents on the east side of the block were ordered to leave their homes.

The tunnel along Park avenue is bored through solid rock. Seams of rock for a distance of about 60 feet commenced to slide in a lateral direction into the tunnel Wednesday night. It was not believed, however, that any great damage would be done. The financial loss is estimated at $75,000 to $100,000.

DREAM CAME TRUE.

Wealthy Boston Woman Had a Premonition of Death.

Boston, March 22.—Robert M. Morse and Harrison Dunham, who have acted as counsel for Mrs. Julia French, who was found dead in her Back Bay home Thursday, declare their belief that she died intestate. In this case the estate valued at $400,000 will be divided between two sons.

Mr. Dunham has suspicions about his client's death.

"The last time I saw her, two weeks ago," said he, "she told me that she felt she would be murdered in her home, as she had a dream that she had been killed by being thrown into the elevator well and asked that if she did meet her death in the way described by the dream that I would investigate it carefully.

"The fact that a wrench was found on the floor from which Mrs. French is thought to have fallen seems to me suspicious. It is a well established fact that people who fall grip tightly anything that they may have in their hands at the time of their falling. Had Mrs. French been using this when she fell, I think the wrench would have been found in her hand, or beside her body in the elevator well, instead of on the upper floor."

Arrest of a Bad Citizen.

Pittsburg, March 22.—Harry J. Anderson, alleged to be one of the most notorious post office robbers in the United States, was brought to the Allegheny county jail yesterday from Johnstown, Pa., where he was arrested by Post Office Inspector Oldfield, Deputy Marshal Owens and a posse. Anderson was caught in the house of his cousin. He was prepared for a battle, having a pair of revolvers in bed with him, but was given no opportunity to use them on the officers. He was taken to Columbus, O., for arraignment and trial.

Cameron County Press

ESTABLISHED BY C. B. GOULD.

HENRY H. MULLIN,
Editor and Manager.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

Per year.....$2 00
If paid in advance.....$1 50

ADVERTISING RATES.

Advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for one insertion and fifty cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

Rates by the year or for six or three months are low and uniform, and will be furnished on application.

Legal and Official Advertising per square, three times or less, $2 00; each subsequent insertion 50 cents per square.

Local notices ten cents per line for one insertion, five cents per line for each subsequent consecutive insertion.

Obituary notices over five lines, ten cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free.

Business Cards, five lines or less, $5.00 per year over five lines, at the regular rates of advertising

No local inserted for less than 75 cts. per issue.

JOB PRINTING.

The Job department of the PRESS is complete, and affords facilities for doing the best class of work. PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO Law Printing.

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

☞No advertisements will be accepted at less than the price for fifteen words.

☞Religious notices free.

EDITORIAL MENTION.

Colonel Bryan says he wants harmony, yes, such harmony as the Colonel shall dictate.

‡ ‡

The Schools of Sorbech, Austria, have adopted a singular fad, to teach every pupil to play chess.

‡ ‡

Perhaps Hon. D. B. Hill thinks that Bryan's opposition to him is no worse than his support might be.

‡ ‡

The many accounts of "annual dinners" make us wonder what kind of people they are who can get along on one dinner a year.

‡ ‡

The names of the best Boer leaders reveal their French Huguenot decent; witness, Joubert, Cronje, De Wet and De lay Rey.

‡ ‡

Colleges courses in diplomatic law would become popular if Representative Adams' bill for the reform of the consular service passed.

‡ ‡

Both Tarkington, novelist, is a candidate for political honors and for matrimony. And yet they call Roosevelt "the Strenuous one."

‡ ‡

A Philadelphia store pays $1,000 a day advertising in the local papers of that city alone, not counting the advertising in magazines of national circulation.

‡ ‡

The "captains of industry" who sat at the table with Prince Henry represented the only order of nobility that this country recognizes, that of achievement.

‡ ‡

When Colonel Bryan has put a quietus on the plutocratic Democrats of the East and Mr. Hill has done the same to the populistic Democrats of the West what a fine country this will be.

‡ ‡

Hereafter, when the American girl's father refuses to let her attend a certain party she can take some comfort in the fact that it is not so hard as having to give up a coronation, as Miss Roosevelt did.

‡ ‡

President Roosevelt, in choosing Moody for his cabinet, a man with a two-syllabled name, has broken the "spell" that clung around Gage, Griggs, Long, Hay, Root, Shaw, Knox and Payne.

‡ ‡

A cash girl in a dry-goods store at Sedalia, Mo., lit a match to search for a penny she had dropped, and before the flame was out it had destroyed $100,000 worth of property.

‡ ‡

New York has passed a bill which has banished those who butcher live pigeons under the guise of sport. New Jersey is considering a similar measure. The duty of the Trenton legislators is plain.

‡ ‡

The prominent members of the Democratic National Committee, Mr. Bryan's receptiveness to the contrary notwithstanding, say that they have given him two chances to demonstrate his worth and that they are now on the lookout for another and a better demonstrator.

Lockjaw From Cobwebs.

Cobwebs put on a cut lately gave a woman lockjaw. Millions know that the best thing to put on a cut is Bucklen's Arnica Salve, the infallible healer of Wounds, Ulcers, Sores, Skin Eruptions, Burns, Scalds and Piles. It cures or no pay. Only 25c at L. Taggart's drug store

Would Smash the Club.

If members of the "Hay Fever Association" would use Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, the club would go to pieces, for it always cures this malady,—and Asthma, the kind that baffles the doctors—it wholly drives from the system. Thousands of once-hopeless sufferers from Consumption, Pneumonia, Bronchitis owe their lives and health to it. It conquers Grip, saves little ones from Croup and Whooping Cough and is positively guaranteed for all Throat and Lung troubles. 50c, $1.00. Trial bottles free at L. Taggart's.

Water wouldn't be so bad if it wasn't so wet.

Danger of Colds and La Grippe.

The greatest danger from colds and la grippe is their resulting in pneumonia. If reasonable care is used, however, and Chamberlain's Cough Remedy taken, all danger will be avoided. Among the tens of thousands who have used this remedy for these diseases, we have yet to learn of a single case having resulted in pneumonia, which shows conclusively that it is a certain preventative of that dangerous malady. It will cure a cold or an attack of la grippe in less time than any other treatment. It is pleasant and safe to take. For sale by L. Taggart.

All the world loves a lover, and laughs at him.

How to Cure a Cold

Don't go to bed. Don't stop work. Don't take a Turkish bath and render yourself liable to an attack of pneumonia. Krause's Cold Cure, in convenient capsule form, will cure you in 24 hours. They are pleasant to take and cause no singing in your head or other disagreeable sensations. Price 25c. Sold by L. Taggart.

Dare to go forward.

Nerves Like a Flat-Iron.

A woman who suffered for three years from nervous prostration says two bottles of Lichty's Celery Nerve Compound effected a complete cure. She hardly knows today whether she has nerves or not, as she never feels them. It is certainly a wonderful remedy. Sold by L. Taggart.

Shun liquors.

Could Not Breathe.

Coughs, colds, croup, grip, bronchitis, other throat and lung troubles are quickly cured by One Minute Cough Cure. One Minute Cough Cure is not a mere expectorant, which gives only temporary relief. It softens and liquifies the mucous, draws out the inflamation and removes the cause of the disease. Absolutely safe. Acts at once. "One Minute Cough Cure will do all that is claimed for it," says Justice of the Peace, J. Q. Hood, Crosby, Miss. "My wife could not get her breath and was relieved by the first dose. It has been a benefit to all my family. R. C. Dodson.

Do not reckon upon chance.

How to Cure the Grip.

Remain quietly at home and take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy as directed and a quick recovery is sure to follow. That remedy counteracts any tendency of the grip to result in pneumonia, which is really the only serious danger. Among the tens of thousands who have used it for the grip, not one case has ever been reported that did not recover. For sale by L. Taggart.

Take time to consider and then decide positively.

Pneumonia Can be Prevented.

This disease always results from a cold or an attack of the grippe and may be prevented by the timely use of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. This remedy was extensively used during the epidemics of la grippe of the past few years, and not a single case has ever been reported that did not recover or that resulted in pneumonia, which shows it to be a certain preventative of that dangerous disease. For sale by L. Taggart.

It is a mighty mean man who is not delighted when annoyed by his baby.

Mrs. C. E. VanDeusen, of Kilbourn, Wis., was afflicted with stomach trouble and constipation for a long time. She says, "I have tried many preparations but none have done me the good that Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets have." These Tablets are for sale at L. Taggart's drug store. Price, 25 cents. Samples free. L. Taggart.

Carefully examine every detail of your business.

Headache often results from a disordered condition of the stomach and constipation of the bowels. A dose or two of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets will correct these disorders and cure the headache. Sold by L. Taggart.

Krause's Cold Cure

For colds in the head, chest, throat or any portion of the body, breaks up a cold in 24 hours without interruption to work. Will prevent colds if taken when first symptoms appear. Price 25c. Sold by L. Taggart.

An Indispensable Little Book.

The Little Blue Book is the most complete Railroad Guide of Pennsylvania ever published. It contains the time tables of every railroad in the state, and the eastern, western, northern and southern connections of the through lines. Published monthly and corrected to date of issue. Single copies mailed for ten cents. Yearly, one dollar, post paid. Address, W. P. Hastings, Milton, Pa.

Rich Valley.

Miss Gertrude Barton has gone to Emporium to work.

Mrs. Nelson Cutler, of Sizervelle, visiting in the Valley at present.

Frank Lewis and family have moved on the Morison farm, on West Creek.

Mr. Allen Davis, wife and son, of Emporium, made a visit to the Valley last week.

James Miller, who has been suffering from a slight stroke of paralysis, is improving and able to be around again.

Mrs. Ida Holcomb and daughter, who have been visiting in these parts the past winter, have gone to New York to visit friends.

We are glad to see the improvements which are being made on the property of Mr. John Hout. It is certainly a credit to the place.

Mrs. Herman and daughter Beula, have returned to this place and will keep house for Mr. A. C. Goodwin and son, Mart Goodwin.

Mr. William Thompson, who has been spending the winter in Tennessee, has returned to this place and is circulating among his many friends.

Mrs. Nellie Peterson, who has been keeping house for her father, Mr. A. C. Goodwin, the past year, has returned to her former home at St. Louis. Her son Fred accompanied her.

The quarterly meeting of the Wesleyan Methodists was held in the Rich Valley church, Saturday and Sunday. Elder Readette, of this place, and Elder Brown of Emporium, officiating. There was a good attendance.

ZANTIPPE.

March 24th, 1902.

When children have earache, saturate a piece of cotton with BALLARDS SNOW LINIMENT, and place it in the ear. It will stop the pain quickly. Price, 25 and 50 cents. L. Taggart

The Woman's Home Companion for April brings a breath of spring. From the lilies on the cover to the last fashion article it is a seasonable magazine. "An Easter Bonnet," by Frederick M. Smith; "The Pisgah Church," by Harriet A Nash, and a children's story of "Flower Fairies" are especially appropriate to the Eastertime. Clinton Scollard and Frank Dempster Sherman contribute notable poems of the season. Waldon Fawcett writes of "The Easter Flower-Market," and Ernest Harold Baynes takes his readers on "A Little Journey to the Woods and Fields." There are two other stories—"The New Men," by Will Payne, and "An Idyl of Oyster Point." The article descriptive of "The Lincoln Nation Museum" will interest all lovers of our greatest President. Published by The Crowell & Kirkpatrick Co., Springfield, Ohio; one dollar a year; ten cents a copy; sample copy free.

LAST OF THE SEASON.

Special Low-Rate Excursion to Washington via Pennsylvania Railroad.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company announces that on April 3 it will run a special excursion from Buffalo, Mt. Morris, Bradford, Titusville, Falls Creek, Kinzua, Tidioute, and principal intermediate stations on the Buffalo and Allegheny Valley Division, and from points on the Philadelphia and Erie Railroad, Erie to Lock Haven, inclusive, to Washington for the benefit of all who may wish to visit the National Capital. Round-trip tickets, good going on all regular trains on day of issue, and good returning on any regular train within ten days, exclusive of going date, will be sold at rate of $10.00 for the round trip from points on the Buffalo and Allegheny Valley Division, and from Erie, St. Mary's and intermediate points; and at rate of $8.95 from Driftwood; $8.15 from Renovo; $7.30 from Lock Haven; and proportionate rates from other points.

These tickets will be good to return via Harrisburg or Philadelphia, and to stop off at Philadelphia returning if deposited with ticket agent at Broad Street Station, Philadelphia.

Side-trip tickets from Philadelphia to Atlantic City will be sold at rate of $2.25 from Broad Street Station (via Delaware River Bridge, only all-rail route) and $1.75 from Market Street Wharf.

For additional information consult small handbills, apply to ticket agent, or address B. P. Fraser, Passenger Agent Buffalo District, 307 Main Street, Ellicott Square, Buffalo, N. Y., or E. S. Harrar, Division Ticket Agent, Williamsport, Pa.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

Pneumonia Follows a Cold

but never follows the use of Foley's Honey and Tar. It stops the cough, heals and strengthens the lungs and affords perfect security from an attack of pneumonia. Refuse substitutes. L. Taggart.

The social problem may be solved by one rule.

Practically Starving.

"After using a few bottles of Kodol Dyspepsia Cure my wife received perfect and permanent relief from a severe and chronic case of stomach trouble," says J. R. Holly, real estate, insurance and loan agent, of Macomb, Ill. "Before using Kodol Dyspepsia Cure she could not eat an ordinary meal without intense suffering. She is now entirely cured. Several physicians and many remedies had failed to give relief." You don't have to diet. Eat any good food you want, but don't overload the stomach. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure will always digest it for you. R. C. Dodson.

Strong Nerves
are the true source of good, healthy appearance.
Persons with half-starved nerves always look worried and "dragged-out."
You cannot be happy without nerve vigor; you cannot be natural without all the powers which nature meant you to have.
Sex-ine Pills
produce a healthful glow which art cannot imitate. They invigorate every organ, put new force to the nerves, elasticity to the step and round out the face and form to lines of health and beauty.
$1.00 per box; 6 boxes (with written guarantee), $5.00. Book free. PEAL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, Ohio.
For sale by R.C. Dodson, Emporium, Pa. 51

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure
Digests what you eat.
This preparation contains all of the digestants and digests all kinds of food. It gives instant relief and never fails to cure. It allows you to eat all the food you want. The most sensitive stomachs can take it. By its use many thousands of dyspeptics have been cured after everything else failed. It prevents formation of gas on the stomach, relieving all distress after eating. Dieting unnecessary. Pleasant to take.
It can't help but do you good
Prepared only by E. C. DEWITT & Co., Chicago. The $1. bottle contains 2½ times the 50c. size.
R. C. Dodson, Emporium, Pa.

Safe Cure Immediate — Red Cross Tansy Pills — For Woman's Relief.
$100 per box
Mailed to Any Address in Plain Packages.
Vin De Cinchona Co. 612 Locust St. DesMoines, Ia.
ASK YOUR DRUGGIST FOR THE RED CROSS BOOKLET. (MAILED FREE.)
MONEY REFUNDED IF NOT AS WE SAY
L. Taggart.

MOST IN QUANTITY. BEST IN QUALITY.
WORMS!
WHITE'S CREAM VERMIFUGE
FOR 20 YEARS
Has led all WORM Remedies.
EVERY BOTTLE GUARANTEED.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS
Prepared by RICHARDSON MEDICINE CO., ST. LOUIS.
For sale by L. Taggart 2ly.

KIDNEY DISEASES
are the most fatal of all diseases.
FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE Is a Guaranteed Remedy
or money refunded. Contains remedies recognized by eminent physicians as the *best* for Kidney and Bladder troubles.
PRICE 50c. and $1.00.
L. Taggart, Emporium, Pa. 36 28.

Get an Education
An exceptional opportunity offered to young men and young women to prepare for teaching or for business. Four regular courses; also special work in Music, Shorthand, Typewriting. Strong teaching force, well graded work, good discipline and hard study, insure best results to students of
Central State Normal School
LOCK HAVEN, Clinton Co., PA.
Handsome buildings perfectly equipped, steam heat, electric lights, abundance of pure mountain water, extensive campus and athletic grounds. Expenses low. Send for catalog.
J. P. FLICKINGER, Principal,
Central State Normal School,
LOCK HAVEN, PA.

Madam French Female Pills. Dean's
A safe, certain relief for Suppressed Menstruation. Never known to fail. Safe! Sure! Speedy! Satisfaction Guaranteed or money Refunded. Sent prepaid for $1.00 per box. Will send them on trial, to be paid for when relieved. Samples Free.
UNITED MEDICAL CO., Box 74, LANCASTER, PA.
Sold in Emporium by L. Taggart.

Spring Announcement.

WE take pleasure in announcing that we have just received our Spring and Summer Clothing. Our stock comprises the finest line of suits in this county. If you are looking for an exceptionally fine outfit you should see our elegant line before purchasing.

We believe in handling nothing but the best goods, and can thereby save you money.

Our clothes are made from the best domestic and imported cloths, by the leading union tailors of America, whose reputation for style, fit and up-to-dateness are the acknowledged peers of this country.

Hats.

There is not a stock of hats in this town to equal that we show. We have the latest Spring styles in the Panama and our assortment is so complete, that we are able to suit the most particular.

Drop in and see us. We will be pleased to have you come whether you buy or not.

Jasper Harris,

The People's Popular Clothier.

Balcom & Lloyd.

Prepared For the Season

We have opened and are displaying a choice line of . .

FANCY DRY GOODS

specially selected for the . . Winter Season.

We have gathered such articles as combine elegance with utility and at

Very Reasonable ~ Prices ~

Balcom & Lloyd.

EMPORIUM
MILLING COMPANY.

PRICE LIST.
Emporium, Pa., Feb. 5, 1901.

NEMOPHILA, per sack	$1 15
Graham, "	60
Rye "	60
Buckwheat, "	70
Patent Meal, "	50
Coarse Meal, per 100	1 50
Chop Feed, "	1 50
Middlings, Fancy "	1 50
Bran, "	1 40
Corn, per bushel	84
White Oats " bushel	60
Choice Clover Seed, Choice Timothy Seed, Choice Millet Seed, Fancy Kentucky Blue Grass,	At Market Prices.

R. C. DODSON,
—THE—
Druggist,
EMPORIUM, PA.

IS LOCATED IN THE CORNER STORE.
At Fourth and Chestnut Sts..

R. C. DODSON.
Telephone, 19-2.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

PERSONAL GOSSIP.

Contributions invited. That which you would like to see in this department, let us know by postal card or letter, personally.

Thos. H. Norris continues to improve. Good.

Angelo, the Italian shoemaker, has returned from Italy.

Wm. McDonald visited at Buffalo this week.

A. E. Gross and family have returned from Portland Mills.

T. S. Innes, S. P. Kreider and John Gleason visited in town Tuesday evening.

Samuel Faucette, his many friends will be sorry to learn is seriously ill with pneumonia.

Col. Brookbank, of Driftwood, visited in Emporium last Friday, shaking hands with old friends.

Fred Julian, having returned from an important business trip in the South, has gone to New York City.

Miss Mae McMahon, who returned to her home in Olean, is slowly improving.

Grant S. Wiley, wife and child of Galeton, Sundayed here.

William Erhardt, Jr., of Erie, passed a few days in Emporium, guest of W. S. Walker and family.

W. L. Sykes and family, of Galeton, passed Sunday in Emporium guests of Geo. A. Walker and family.

Principals Suhrie and Bauer, of St. Marys, spent Saturday and part of Sunday with friends in town.

Mrs. John M. English and Mrs. Maud English, *nee* Williams, of Driftwood, were PRESS visitors on Wednesday.

J. H. Evans, who is successfully conducting the Sizer Spring Hotel, at Sizerville, was a PRESS visitor last Saturday.

William M. Lawler returned from West Virginia last Tuesday, greatly pleased with the outlook for the new tannery.

Miss Minnie Peabody, of this place, has accepted the position of instructor in short-hand in Emporium Commercial school.

Mrs. J. W. Davis, of Corry, special traveller for J. A. Moore & Co., was a pleasant PRESS visitor last Saturday. Mrs. D. was guest of Mrs. William Hackenburg while in town.

"Pap" Blodgett and Mr. Ward of Sinnamahoning, came up last evening and took in "Peck's Bad Boy." The Squire was busy taking notes, so look out for a lively session of Liars' Club.

Mrs. R. C. Potter, of Cameron, visited Emporium yesterday and before leaving town paid her respects to the PRESS. She will read our paper for another year.

E. J. Jones, St. Marys, one of Elk county's most successful attorneys and years ago a school teacher in this county, will deliver the address to the graduates of Driftwood High School, April 9th.

S. H. Renninger, of the firm of Ward & Renninger, paper wood contractors, was a PRESS business visitor on Tuesday. Mr. Renninger and wife, who will make Emporium their residence, have rooms with Mrs. Holbrook.

Mrs. W. H. Ulsh arrived safely in San Francisco Sunday evening and, we are glad to note, reports the doctor as much improved. She was accompanied as far as Chicago by her father, F. W. Mitchell.—Driftwood Gazette.

Charlie Wiley, of Emporium, was calling on friends in town Tuesday.... Dan'l McCormick of Emporium, was in town over Sunday....John Edleman, of Emporium, was doing business in town Saturday.—Austin Republican.

Mrs. J. E. Smith, of Sterling Run, and Mrs. V. A. Brooks, of Sinnamahoning, left for their respective homes on Friday after a visit of several days with Mr. and Mrs. M. P. Whiting, of this city.—Ridgway Democrat.

Mrs. Patrick Clair accompanied by her son Patsy, who is just recovering from a serious illness, came up from Cameron on Wednesday and visited between trains. It is hoped the young man will soon be restored to his usual good health.

Mrs. Chas. Seger and son Harold, returned from Wilkes-Barre, last Monday. Mrs. Seger reports Miss Maggie Coyle, who is receiving treatment there, as greatly improved. Miss Maggie's many Emporium friends hope she may return fully restored to health.

Baptist Church Notes.

Preaching morning and evening by the pastor morning subject "Christians relation one to another." Evening topic "The Maze." Bible School at the close of morning worship, C. E. Crandell superintendent. Y. P. S. C. E. 6 p. m., B. Olmsted, president. Prayer-meeting Wednesday evening, 7:30. Special Easter service Sunday evening. All welcome.

A Business Mistake.

That which is the best, is that which will ultimately produce the largest measure of success to a certainty. It would be a business mistake for any one contemplating life insurance to place his application with any company without first familiarizing himself with the policies and figures of the Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance Company.

EDWIN G. CLARKE,
Special Agent.
Emporium, Pa.

Eye Specialist.

Prof. W. H. Budine, the well known Eye Specialist, of Binghamton, N. Y., will be at R. H. Hirsch's jewelry store, Emporium, April 11th and 12th. Eyes tested and examined free. All work guaranteed. If you have weak eyes or headache don't fail to call and see Prof. Budine, as he makes a speciality of correcting all such cases. Lenses ground to fit all kinds of peculiar sight. 5-2t.

Millions in Gold.

Over seven millions came from the Nome district alone. Government officials estimate the output from the Nome district will be doubled the coming season. The Bluestone, Kougarok and Pilgrim Rivers have been found very rich. There is hardly a creek from Port Clarence to Norton Sound in which the precious metal is not found, with hundreds of creeks not prospected yet.

For information regarding routes, steamships, accommodations and rates to points in Alaska, address C. N. Souther, General Agent Passenger Department, C., M. & St. P. R'y, 95 Adam street, Chicago. 5-3t

Positive Proof.

The following houses have been painted from seven to twelve years with my paints, (the Champion paints) viz: L Taggart's, D. W. Felt's, Mrs. J. C. Metzger's, Joshua Bair's, N. Seger's, Sam'l McDonald's, J. P. McNarney's and many others. The county jail and R. P. Heilman's house have been painted two years. I ask you in all fairness, and in justice to myself, to carefully examine these houses. Let no man prejudice you against my paints. I can assure you without truthful contradiction, that there is not a man in our town or county, who has any knowledge whatever, as to the quality of paints, only as he or they have learned from their use, and I defy any person in town to give you such proof as to quality of their paints, as I have. My paints are guaranteed.

Yours truly,
L. TAGGART.

The Voice Of Nagging

Clouds the happiness of the home, but a nagging woman often needs help. She may be so nervous and run-down in health that trifles annoy her. If she is melancholy, exciteable, troubled with loss of appetite, headache, sleeplessness, constipation or fainting and dizzy spells, she needs Electric Bitters, the most wonderful remedy for ailing women. Thousands of sufferers from female troubles, nervous troubles, backache and weak kidneys have used it, and become healthy and happy. Try it. Only 50c. L. Taggart guarantees satisfaction.

Emporium Methodists

Continued from First page.

He was followed in 1896 by Rev. J. M. Johnston, who also served three years, and reduced the debt by $2,110 00.

In 1899 Rev. W. P. Shriner was appointed, serving one year, and during his administration the debt was reduced $200.00 and the building was repaired and beautifully frescoed within at a cost of $800.00, which was paid for without public subscription.

In 1900 the present Pastor, Rev. O. S. Metzler, was sent by the Conference, and he has now served two years, and we are glad to be able to say, that the official board of the Church have unanimously requested his return for another year. Under his able and energetic administration during the past two years the sum of $6,257.15 has been raised, paying the entire church debt of $4,850.00 and accured interest, and leaving a balance in the hands of the interest paying society of about $500.00.

Emporium, Pa., March 4th, 1902.

At the Fourth Quarterly Conference of the First Methodist Episcopal Church of Emporium on motion of J. P. McNarney, seconded by T. B. Lloyd the following preamble and resolutions were unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, The second year of the pastorate of Rev. O. S. Metzler at the First Methodist Episcopal Church of Emporium, which if possible, has been even more successful and satisfactory than the first is about to expire, and

WHEREAS, We are earnestly persuaded that the welfare of the Church demands his return for the succeeding year, and

WHEREAS, We are confident that it is the unanimous wish of the membership and friends of the Church that his connection therewith be continued, and that it would be a very grevious disappointment to everybody concerned to have him sent away from us, It is therefore

Resolved, by the Fourth Quarterly Conference of said church.

1. That Brother Metzler be and is hereby requested and urged to return to this Church for thecoming year.

2. That the Bishop and his official advisers are hereby requested to return Brother Metzler to his present field with the assurance that the interests af the entire Church will be thereby best advanced and observed, and that any other action would be seriously disappointing to all the members and friends of the Church.

From the minutei.

J. P. MCNARNEY, Sec'y.

Letter to T. F. Moore.

Emporium, Pa.

Dear Sir: If there is a spot in your paint where the water gets in, the wood underneath is rotting or rotten. The timbers go too.

Such a spot develops unseen in some corner--under the eaves perhaps--while the paint is still in good condition generally.

Look out for such spots, or paint at random for looks. If you paint for looks, you are likely to stop such spots before there are any spots.

Extravagance pays in paint. Economy don't. Extravagance is economy. Queer, what puppets words are!

Yours truly,
67 F. W. DEVOE & Co.

There's nothing in the good time that leaves a headache and a bad taste.

La Grippe Quickly Cured.

"In the winter of 1898 and 1899 I was taken down with a severe attack of what is called La Grippe," says F. L. Hewett, a prominent druggist of Winfield, Ill. "The only medicine I used was two bottles of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It broke up the cold and stopped the coughing like magic, and I have never since been troubled with Grippe." Chamberlain's Cough Remedy can always be depended upon to break up a severe cold and ward off any threatened attack of pneumonia. It is pleasant to take, too, which makes it the most desirable and one of the most popular preparations in use for these ailments. For sale by L. Taggart.

Can't Keep It Secret.

The splendid work of Dr. King's New Life Pills is daily coming to light. No such grand remedy for Liver and Bowel troubles was ever known before. Thousands bless them for curing Constipation, Sick Headache, Biliousness, Jaundice and Indigestion. Try them. 25c at L. Taggart's drug store.

PEOPLE'S COLUMN.

Under this Heading, either Wants, Lost, Found, For Sale, To Rent or business announcements will be published at ONE CENT A WORD.

WANTED!

WANTED—A purchaser for good horse, buggy and harness. Also a first-class cow, soon fresh. Bay mare, Morgan, perfectly sound; nine years old, weight, 1025. Buggy and harness in good condition. Must be sold before March 31st. Call on Rev. W. REDETT, pastor W. M. Church, Rich Valley. P. O. Address, Emporium.

WANTED—Energetic men and women to represent us in each county. Exclusive territory; good pay; steady employment. Call on or address, E. C. Jones, 55 Main St., Bradford, Pa.

Register's Notice.

STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA, } ss:
COUNTY OF CAMERON, }

NOTICE is hereby given that John B. Wykoff, Administrator of the estate of Bainbridge V. Wykoff, late of Gibson Township, deceased, and J. Vine Hanscom, Administrator of the estate of Frank Herbert Hanscom, late of the Township of Grove, deceased, have filed their first and final accounts of their administration of the said several estates and the same will be presented to the Orphans' Court, at April term next, for confirmation *ni. si.*

C. JAY GOODNOUGH, Register.
Register's Office,
Emporium, Pa., March 25th, 1902. } —5-4t.

Consult Your Interests.

AND SAVE BIG MONEY BY ORDERING NOW

YOUR SPRING SUIT

AT

R. SEGER & COMPANY'S.

We shall give all customers extra bargains during March and April. Fine line of Imported and American goods.

Order your Easter suit now and avoid the rush.

R. SEGER & CO.

Opposite M. E. Church.

The St. Marys Greenhouse Co.

Will occupy the store of F. M. Overhiser's on W. Fourth street during

EASTER WEEK,

where they will have a full line of

PLANTS AND CUT FLOWERS.

All are invited. It will a show you seldom see

PALMS,
FLOWERING PLANTS,
JARDINIERES, ETC.

WEAKLY CHILDREN

All Children Love Vinol,

And Nothing in the World is So Good for Them—or their Tired Mothers. It Makes Pale, Thin and Weak Children and Women Strong and Robust.

"It is with great pleasure that I add my testimonial to the merits of Vinol. My little girl Cora after a hard case of Scarlet Fever began taking Vinol with the very best results. I don't believe she would ever have got well if not for Vinol, she was so weak. She is in the very best of health now, and thanks that good medicine Vinol, Wine of Cod Liver Oil.—Mr. ISAAC CHAMPAIGNE, Keene, N. H."

Inasmuch as we are always ready to refund the cost of Vinol to those who don't find it exactly what we claim it to be, it will be seen that we are prepared to substantially endorse our claims for the excellence of this marvelous preparation.

Old Reliable Drug Store.

PILES A cure guaranteed if you use RUDY'S PILE Suppository

D. Matt. Thompson, Supt. Graded Schools, Statesville, N. C., writes: "I can say they do all you claim for them." Dr. S. M. Devore, Raven Rock, W. Va., writes: "They give universal satisfaction." Dr. H. D. McGill, Clarksburg, Tenn., writes: "In a practice of 23 years, I have found no remedy to equal yours." PRICE, 50 CENTS. Samples Free. Sold by Druggists. MARTIN RUDY, LANCASTER, PA.

Sold in Emporium by L. Taggart. Call for free sample.

Day's
EASTER OFFERINGS.

"Dold" Quality.

CALIFORNIA HAMS, lb 10c.
BONLESS BACON, lb. 14.
HAMS, Medium, lb. 13c.
FRERH EGGS, regular prices All Cameron County layed. Every egg guaranteed.

ROLLED AVENA, lb. 4c. Fresh invoice direct from factory.
GRANULATED SUGAR, 6c.
CALIFORNIA PEACHES.—Fine quality, can, 20c.

Green Onions,
Bunanas, Lettuce,
Oranges, Cucumbers,
Apples, Celery,
Grapes, Radishes.
Cranberries.

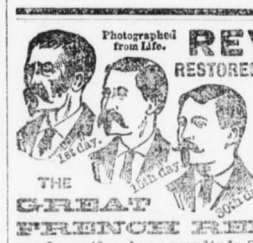
Hope to have Straw Berries, Ripe Tomatoes and Pine Apples.

COFFEE that does not fail to please, is our "Royal" Java and Mocha Blend. 35c lb. 3lbs. $1.

Anticipating your wants for this Easter occasion, we are endeavoring, as usual, to fill them to your entire satisfaction.

Phone 6. J. H. DAY.

Photographed from Life. REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY



Made a Well Man of Me.

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY

produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advise free. Address ROYAL MEDICINE CO., 1620 Plymouth Pl., CHICAGO, ILL.

For Sale in Emporium, by R. C. Dodson.

DR. FENNER'S GOLDEN RELIEF
CUTS BRUISES SPRAINS STINGS RUSTY NAILS COLIC
CURES ANY PAIN INSIDE OR OUT
GRIP COLDS BRONCHITIS SORE THROAT NEURALGIA DIARRHŒA
Druggists in 1 to 8 minutes 25c, 50c, $1.

R. C. Dodson, Agent,
36-28ly. Emporium, Pa

Special

Our new line of hardware, agricultural implements, tinware, is arriving.

Also a large and handsome line of cooking and parlor stoves, for both coal and gas.

Murry & Coppersmith Co.

Wall Paper.

At Taggart's Drug Store the finest line ever brought to town. Prices lower than you ever saw them. Double rolls as low as 5c and the very best at 35c. Border just a liitle in advance of paper.

Paints, Varnish, Stains,
Varnish Stains,
Enamel,

in all shades and colors. A better line than ever offered to our people. Don't fail to call and examine.

L. TAGGART.

Don't be a Rip Van Winkle

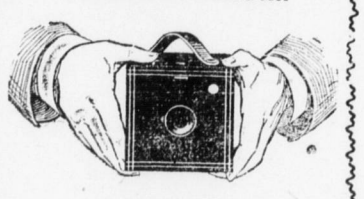
There is no use in fighting a windmill. In other words, it does no good to try to drive the wolf from the door, and continue to pay twice as much for your groceries as you should pay. Quit butting your head against a stone wall. Stop paying three profits on everything you eat. We can show you a better way, a more satisfactory way, a money-saving way. Buy your groceries from us. Buy them as we buy them—for spot cash. Pay but one profit, and that a small one. Buy staples in large quantities instead of in little dribs. The goods here mentioned you will find to be of a quality that will please you, and we know our prices are lower than you can get elsewhere.

We do our own slaughtering of fine steer beef, which is fat, tender and juicy.
Veal, Lamb, Pork, Sausage and Home Corned Beef a specialty. Poultry in season.

Tea, Coffee and Cereal drinks, Sugar, Molasses, Maple Syrup, Breakfast goods of all kinds. Canned Goods and Vegetables.
Sole agent for
Pillsbury's Best Flour.

FRANK SHIVES.
Established, 1866. Emporium, Pa.

EASTMAN'S KODAK



You can carry it in your hands, on your shoulder, in your pocket or on your bicycle. You press the button and the Kodak will the rest.

"A Dollar Saved, is a Dollar Earned."

We can save you lots of dollars by buying your Wall Paper, Curtains and Paints of us.

H. S. LLOYD.

DO YOU REMEMBER, JOE?

Oh, do you remember—do you remember, Joe,
How we used to go to grandpa's two score years ago?
How dear old grandma kissed us, though we tried to squirm away?
How we raced down to the meadows where the men were making hay
(Grandpa the best among them, spite of his silver hairs);
How we rode home on the fragrant load as hungry as two bears?

Oh, do you remember—do you remember, Joe,
Dear grandma's light cream biscuits (yes, 'twas forty years ago,
An' a Frenchman now is living in the old ancestral home),
An' the butter from the spring house, an' the honey in the comb,
An' the cookies (all we wanted—'twas at grandma's house, you know)?
Have we ever had enough since then of life's rare sweets, dear Joe?

An', oh, do you remember—from all the rest aloof—
The little garret bedroom underneath the roof,
Where, up the stairs a-climbing, spite o' fat and rheumatis',
Dear grandma came to pat our heads and give a good-night kiss?
It didn't seem five minutes from the time we dropped off, Joe,
Till we heard the hired man in the yard a-hollerin': "Helloa!"

Sometimes I think we shall wake up from a deeper sleep, dear Joe,
An' see them all a-crowding round, an' hear them call: "Helloa!"
For I believe they love us now as in the dear old home,
An' that they talk about us, Joe, an' long for us to come;
An' if goodness counts for honor, where they are now, dear Joe—
Grandpa an' grandma will be found up in the highest row!

—Mary F. Butts, in Farm and Home.

My Strangest Case

BY GUY BOOTHBY.

Author of "Dr. Kikola," "The Beautiful White Devil," "Pharos, The Egyptian," Etc.

[Copyrighted, 1901, by Ward, Lock & Co.]

PART II.—CONTINUED.

Without more ado, like men who were drunk with the finest wines, they followed him along the passage and up the steps into the open air. They were just in time to see the sun setting blood-red behind the jungle. His beauty, however, had no effect upon them. In all probability they were regardless of him altogether, for with almost simultaneous sighs of relief they threw themselves down upon the flag-stones of the courtyard, and set to work, with feverish earnestness, to overhaul the booty they had procured. All three were good judges of stones, and a very brief examination was sufficient, even in the feeble evening light, to enable them to see that they were not only gems of the first water, but also stones of such size as is seldom seen in these unregenerate days.

"It's the biggest scoop on earth," said Hayle, unconsciously echoing the expression Kitwater had used to him in Singapore. "What's better, there are hundreds more like them down below. I'll tell you what it is, my friends, we're just the richest men on this earth at the present moment, and don't you forget it!"

In his excitement he shook hands wildly with his companions. His ill-humor had vanished like breath off a razor, and now he was on the best of terms not only with himself, but also with the world in general.

"If I know anything about stones there are at least £100,000 worth in this little parcel," he said, enthusiastically, "and, what is more, there is a million or perhaps two millions to be had for the trouble of looking for them. What do you say if we go below again?"

"No! No!" said Kitwater, "it's too late. We'd better be getting back to the camp as soon as may be."

"Very well," Hayle replied, reluctantly.

They accordingly picked up their iron bars and replaced the stone that covered the entrance to the subterranean passage.

"I don't like leaving it," said Hayle, "it don't seem to me to be safe, somehow. Think what there is down there. Doesn't it strike you that it would be better to fill our pockets while we've the chance? Who knows what might happen before we can come again?"

"Nonsense," said Kitwater. "Who do you think is going to rob us of it? What's the use of worrying about it? In the morning we'll come back and fill our bags, and then clear out of the place for civilization as if the devil and all were after us. Just think, my lads, what there will be to divide."

"A million apiece, at least," said Hayle rapturously, and then in an awed voice he added, as if he were discomfited by his own significance, "I never thought to be worth a quarter of that. Somehow it doesn't seem as if it can be real."

"It's quite real," said Mr. Codd, as he sprinkled some dry dust round the crack of the stone to give it an appearance of not having been disturbed. "There's no doubt of it."

When he had finished they picked up their tools and set off on their return journey to the camp. The sun had disappeared behind the jungle when they left the courtyard of the Three Elephants' Heads and ascended the stone steps towards the inner moat. They crossed the bridge, and entered the outer city in silence. The place was very dreary at that hour of the day, and to Codd, who was of an imaginative turn of mind, it seemed as if faces out of the long deserted past were watching him from every house. His companions, however, were scarcely so impressionable. They were gloating over the treasure they had won for themselves, and one, at least, was speculating as to how he should spend his share. Suddenly Hayle, who was looking down a side street, uttered an exclamation of surprise.

"Did you see that?" he inquired of Kitwater. Then, without waiting for a reply, he dived into the nearest ruin and disappeared from view.

"What on earth is the matter with him?" inquired Kitwater of Codd. "Has he gone mad?"

Codd only shook his head. Hayle's doings were more often than not an enigma to him. Presently, however, the runaway made his appearance before them. His face was flushed and he breathed heavily. Apparently he had been running, and for some distance.

"Don't you see him?" he inquired of his companions, in some surprise.

"See who?" asked Kitwater, with elevated eyebrows. "Who do you think you saw?"

"A man," Hayle replied. "I am ready to take my oath I saw him cross that narrow street back yonder."

"Was it one of our own men, do you think?" said Codd, referring to the two Burmen they had brought with them.

"Not a bit of it," Hayle replied. "I tell you, Kitwater, I am as sure as I am of anything that the man I saw was a Chinaman."

"Gammon," said Kitwater. "There isn't a Chinaman within 50 miles of the ruins. You are unduly excited. You'll be seeing a regiment of Scott's guards presently if you are not careful."

"I don't care what you say, it was a man I saw," the other answered. "Good Heavens! won't you believe me when I say that I saw his pigtail?"

"Believe you, of course, I will," replied Kitwater, good-humoredly. "It's a pity you didn't catch hold of him by it, however. No, no, Gid, you take my word for it, there are no Chinamen about here. What do you think, Codd?"

Mr. Codd appeared to have no opinion, for he did not reply.

By this time they had crossed the last bridge and had left the city behind them. The jungle was lulling itself to sleep, and drowsy croonings sounded on every hand. So certain was Hayle that he had not been mistaken about the man he declared he had seen, that he kept his eyes well open to guard against a surprise. He did not know what clump of bamboo might contain an enemy, and, in consequence, his right hand was kept continually in his pocket in order not to lose the grip of the revolver therein contained. At last they reached the top of the hill and approached the open spot where their camp was situated.

"What did I tell you?" said Kitwater, as he looked about the camp and could discover no traces of their two native servants. "It was one of our prowling rascals you saw, and when he comes back I'll teach him to come spying on us. If I know anything of the rattan, he won't do it again."

Hayle shrugged his shoulders. While the fact that their servants were not at the camp to anticipate their return was certainly suspicious, he was still as convinced as ever that the man he had seen slipping through the ruins was no Burman, but a true son of the celestial empire.

Worn out by the excitement of the day, Kitwater anathematized the servants for not having been there to prepare the evening meal, but while he and Hayle wrangled, Mr. Codd had as usual taken the matter into his own hands, and, picking up a cooking pot, had set off in the direction of the stream, whence they drew their supply of water. He had not proceeded very far, however, before he uttered a cry and came running back to the camp. There was a scared expression upon his face as he rejoined his companions.

"They've not run away," he cried, pointing in the direction whence he had come. "They're dead!"

"Dead?" cried Kitwater and Hayle together. Then the latter added: "What do you mean by that?"

"What I say," Codd replied. "They're both lying in the jungle back there with their throats cut."

"Then I was right after all," Hayle found time to put in. "Come, Kit, let us go and see. There's more than we bargained for at the back of all this."

They hurried with Codd to the spot where he had discovered the bodies, to find that his tale was too true. Their two unfortunate servants were to be seen lying one on either side of the track, both dead and shockingly mutilated. Kitwater knelt beside them and examined them more closely.

"Chinese," he said, laconically. Then after a pause he continued: "It's a good thing for us we had the foresight to take our rifles with us to-day, otherwise we should have lost them for a certainty. Now we shall have to keep our eyes open for trouble. It won't be long in coming, mark my words."

"You don't think they watched us at work in that courtyard, do you?" asked Hayle, anxiously, as they returned to the camp. "If that's so, they'll have every atom of the remaining treasure, and we shall be done for."

He spoke as if until that moment they had received nothing.

"It's just possible they may have done so, of course," said Kitwater, "but how are we to know? We couldn't prevent them, for we don't know how many of them there may be. That fellow you saw this evening may only have been placed there to spy upon our movements. Confound it all, I wish we were a bigger party."

"It's no use wishing that," Hayle returned, and then after a pause he added: "Fortunately we hold a good many lives in our hands, and what's more, we know the value of our own. The only thing we can do is to watch, watch, and watch, and, if we are taken by surprise, we shall have nobody to thank for it but ourselves. Now if you'll stand sentry, Coddy and I will get tea."

They set to work, and the meal was in due course served and eaten. Afterwards Codd went on guard, being relieved by Hayle at midnight. Ever since they had made the ghastly discovery in the jungle, the latter had been more silent even than the gravity of the situation demanded. Now he sat, nursing his rifle, listening to the mysterious voices of the jungle, and thinking as if for dear life. Meanwhile his companions slept soundly on, secure in the fact that he was watching over them.

At last Hayle rose to his feet.

"It's my only chance," he said to himself, as he went softly across to where Kitwater was lying. "It must be now or never!"

Kneeling beside the sleeping man, he felt for the packet of precious stones they had that day obtained. Having found it he transferred it to his own pocket, and then returned to his former position as quietly as he had come. Then, having secured as much of their store of ammunition as he could conveniently carry, together with a supply of food sufficient to last him for several days, he deserted his post, abandoned his friends and disappeared into the jungle!

PART III.

The sun was slowly sinking behind the dense wall of jungle which hems in, on the southern side, the frontier station of Nampoung. In the river below there is a ford, which has a distinguished claim on fame, inasmuch as it is one of the gateways from Burmah into western China. This ford is guarded continually by a company of Sikhs, under the command of an English officer. To be candid, it is not a post that is much sought after. Its dullness is extraordinary. True, one can fish there from morning until night, if one is so disposed; and if one has the good fortune to be a botanist, there is an inexhaustible field open for study. It is also true that Nampoung is only 30 miles or so, as the crow flies, from Bhamo, and when one has been in the wilds, and out of touch of civilization for months at a time, Bhamo is by no means a place to be despised. So thought Gregory, of the One Hundred and Twenty-third regiment, as he threw his line into the pool below him.

"It's worse than a dog's life," he said to himself, as he looked at the ford a hundred yards or so to his right, where, at the moment, his subaltern was engaged levying toll upon some Yunnan merchants who were carrying cotton on pack mules into China. After that he glanced behind him at the little cluster of buildings on the hill, and groaned once more. "I wonder what they are doing in England," he continued. "Trout fishing has just begun, and I can imagine the dear old governor at the Long pool, rod in hand. The girls will stroll down in the afternoon to find out what sport he has had, and they'll walk home across the park with him, while the mater will probably meet them half way. And here am I in this God-forsaken hole with nothing to do but to keep an eye on that ford there. Bhamo is better than this, Mandalay is better than Bhamo, and Rangoon is better than either. Chivvying dakus is Paradise compared with this sort of thing. Anyhow, I'm tired of fishing."

NOW HE SAT NURSING HIS RIFLE, LISTENING TO THE MYSTERIOUS VOICES OF THE JUNGLE.

He began to take his rod to pieces preparatory to returning to his quarters on the hill. He had just unshipped the last joint, when he became aware that one of his men was approaching him. He inquired his business, and was informed in return that Dempsey, his sub, would be glad to see him at the ford. Handing his rod to the man he set off in the direction of the crossing in question, to become aware, as he approached it, of a disreputable figure propped up against a tree on the nearer bank.

"What's the matter, Dempsey?" he inquired. "What on earth have you got there, man?"

"Well, that's more than I can say," the other replied. "He's evidently a white man, and I fancy an Englishman. At home we should call him a scarecrow. He turned up from across the ford just now, and tumbled down in the middle of the stream like a shot rabbit. Never saw such a thing before. He's not a pretty sight, is he?"

"Poor devil," said Gregory. "He seems to be on his last legs. I wonder who the deuce he is, and what brought him into this condition."

"I've searched, and there's nothing about to tell us," said Dempsey. "What do you think we had better do with him?"

"Get him up the hill," said his superior, without hesitation. "When he's a bit stronger we'll have his story out of him. I'll bet a few years' pay it will be interesting."

A file of men were called, and the mysterious stranger was carried up to the residence of the English officers. It was plain to the least observant that he was in a very serious condition. Such clothes as he possessed were in rags; his face was pinched with starvation, and moreover he was quite unconscious. When his bearers, accompanied by the two Englishmen, reached the cluster of huts, he was carried to a small room at the end of the officers' bungalow and placed upon the bed. After a little brandy had been administered, he recovered consciousness and looked about him. Heaving a sigh of relief, he inquired where he might be.

"You are at Nampoung," said Gregory, "and you ought to thank your stars that you are not in Kingdom Come. If ever a man was near it, you have been. We won't ask you for your story now; however, later on, you shall bukh to your heart's content. Now I am going to give you something to eat. You look is if you want it badly enough."

Gregory looked at Dempsey and made a sign, whereupon the other withdrew, to presently return carrying a bowl of soup. The stranger drank it ravenously, and then lay back and closed his eyes once more. He would have been a clever man who could have recognized in the emaciated being upon the bed, the spruce, well-cared-for individual who was known to the Hotel of the Three Desires in Singapore as Gideon Hayle.

"You'd better rest awhile now," said Gregory, "and then perhaps you'll feel equal to joining us at mess, or whatever you like to call it."

"Thanks, very much," the man replied, with the conventional utterance of an English gentleman, which was not lost upon his audience. "I hope I shall feel up to it."

"Whoever the fellow is," said Gregory, as they passed along the veranda a few minutes later, "he has evidently seen better days. Poor beggar, I wonder where he's been, and what he has been up to?"

"We shall soon find out," Dempsey answered. "All he said when we fished him out of the water was 'at last,' and then he fainted clean away. I am not more curious than my neighbors, but I don't mind admitting that I am anxious to hear what he has to say for himself. Talk about Rip Van Winkle, why, he is not in it with this fellow. He could give him points and beat him hollow."

[To Be Continued.]

INDIAN SMOKE SIGNALS.

How the Warriors Communicated with Each Other by Day and by Night.

The traveler on the plains in the early days soon learned the significance of the spires of smoke that he sometimes saw rising from a distant ridge or hill, and that in turn he might see answered from a different direction. It was the signal talk of the Indians across miles of intervening ground, a signal used in rallying the warriors for an attack, or warning them for a retreat if that seemed advisable. The Star Monthly describes some of the signals and their meaning:

The Indian had a way of sending up the smoke in rings or puffs, knowing that such a smoke column would at once be noticed and understood as a signal, and not taken for the smoke of some camp-fire. He made the rings by covering the little fire with his blanket for a moment and allowing the smoke to ascend, when he instantly covered the fire again. The column of ascending smoke rings said to every Indian within 30 miles: "Look out! There is an enemy near!" Three smokes built close together meant danger. One smoke merely meant attention. Two smokes meant: "Camp at this place." Travel the plains, and the usefulness of this long-distance telephone will at once become apparent.

Sometimes at night the settler or the traveler saw fiery lines crossing the sky, shooting up and falling, perhaps taking a direction diagonal to the lines of vision. He might guess that these were the signals of the Indians, but unless he were an old-timer he might not be able to interpret the signals. The old-timer and the squaw man knew that one fire-arrow, an arrow prepared by treating the head of the shaft with gunpowder and fine bark, meant the same as the columns of smoke puffs—"An enemy is near." Two arrows meant: "Danger." Three arrows said imperatively: "This danger is great." Several arrows said: "The enemy are too many for us." Thus the untutored savage could telephone fairly well at night as well as in the daytime.

Rossetti in Self-Defense.

Toward the latter part of Rosetti's life he rarely left his house and garden. He depended upon a close circle of friends for society, and in his own way was a sociable man, but he preferred to see his friends and acquaintances by appointment, and woe betide the too intrusive stranger.

One day an enterprising man called who was duly armed with a letter of introduction, and the servant was nearly yielding to the impulsive stranger, whereupon the painter of "Dante's Dream" leaned over the banister and said in a firm, mellifluous voice: "Tell the gentleman that I am not at home."—Lippincott's Magazine.

Earning a Dollar.

A dollar saved is a dollar earned—for it's hard work to save a dollar.—Chicago Daily News.

A NEW RURAL NOVEL

Will Deal with Life in Indiana in Mexican War Time.

Booth Tarkington, Noted Hoosier Author, Is Now Putting Finishing Touches to It—About to Become a Benedict.

Booth Tarkington, of Indianapolis, the well-known author and playwright, is completing the concluding chapters of another Indiana novel.

The new book will make its appearance in time, the author's friends assert, to answer a double purpose. It will come not only at an opportune time for the publishers, but will not be amiss in assisting the author in furthering his political ambitions.

For Booth Tarkington, the author, expects to become Booth Tarkington, the politician.

Then, in addition, there is a strong rumor going the rounds that Booth Tarkington, the bachelor, is about to become Booth Tarkington, the benedict. Mr. Tarkington, however, does not admit this assertion. He will not countenance the rumor. Neither does Mr. Tarkington's family, unless, in truth, the author's mother be excepted. She has been quoted as admitting that the author and the young woman whose name has been linked with that of Mr. Tarkington by the gossips like each other—nothing more.

Yet an intimate friend of the Indiana author said only a day or two ago: "Mr. Tarkington is working on the last novel he will write before he is married."

"However," as Mr. Tarkington, himself, says, "the rumor does not affect the novel now in hand."

As in his first success, says the Chicago American, the author will return to Indiana for the plot of his story. It will be laid in the city of Terre Haute, where, by the way, the author's father met, wooed and married the author's mother, and it will deal almost exclusively with bits of Indiana character. Mr. Tarkington considers it his most pretentious and most successful effort.

The book has not yet been named—the author insisting on one title, the publishers suggesting another and the author's friends advancing a third. It will be a romance dealing with life in Indiana, in the vicinity of Terre Haute during the time of the Mexican war, and it will convey not a few of its incidents to the famous Catholic school near Terre Haute, "St. Marys of the Woods." The book, however, Mr. Tarkington insists, will not be classed as a historical romance. This he says in the face of anticipating critics who have endeavored to predict the character of the work.

BOOTH TARKINGTON.
(Noted Indiana Author Soon to Become a Benedict.)

The love story is delicately woven round the lives of a girl studying at the Catholic institution and a young man of the clear-brained, horny-handed class peculiar to the early period of Indiana's history.

Mr. Tarkington said: "I will doubtless hear more from my friend at Seattle now. Shortly after the production of 'The Gentleman from Indiana' friends of mine residing in Seattle, Wash., sent word to me that a certain resident of that city was parading under the name of Booth Tarkington, claiming to have written my book. He was buying copies right and left and sending them to his friends with a neat little picture of himself and a card saying that this was his first venture into literature and he wanted their criticism. My friends desired to know whether I would have them expose him or not. It seems that he also claimed that while he had written the book I was reaping the golden benefits in the shape of royalties. It did not take me long to decide what to do. I wrote them to encourage him in his 'pipe dream,' explaining at the same time that every copy he bought was putting that much more money in my pocket. I needed the money.

"This latest effort of mine is in some respects a more elaborate one than any of the others preceding. At least I have worked harder on it. Of course, I cannot say what success it will meet with—in fact, there are as yet several incomplete chapters.

"I have endeavored in my book, nameless as yet, to combine romance and character delineation. At the time of which I have written the farmers and townspeople were of such a character as to attract the most fastidious student. I have also endeavored not to become historical, and I think I have succeeded to a certain extent. The life of the story will rest in the hands of the people in a very short time."

American Coal for Germany.

The United States will supply Stettin, Germany, with 125,000 tons of steam coal under yearly contract.

MISS VIRGINIA GRANES

Tells How Hospital Physicians Use and Rely upon Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Twelve years continuous service at the sick bed in some of our prominent hospitals, as well as at private homes, has given me varied experiences with the diseases of women. I have nursed some

MISS VIRGINIA GRANES,
President of Nurses' Association, Watertown, N.Y.

most distressing cases of inflammation and ulceration of the ovaries and womb. I have known that doctors used **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** when everything else failed with their patients. I have advised my patients and friends to use it and have yet to hear of its first failure to cure.

"Four years ago I had falling of the womb from straining in lifting a heavy patient, and knowing of the value of your Compound I began to use it at once, and in six weeks I was well once more, and have had no trouble since. I am most pleased to have had an opportunity to say a few words in praise of your Vegetable Compound, and shall take every occasion to recommend it."—MISS VIRGINIA GRANES.—*$5000 forfeit if above testimonial is not genuine.*

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has stood the test of time, and has cured thousands.

Mrs. Pinkham advises sick women free. Address, Lynn, Mass.

A Car Load of Dimes.

One would naturally think that the package dye business was a small industry, but there is more than one million dollars worth of package dyes sold in the United States every year.

One of the largest package dye factories in the world is that of the Putnam Fadeless Dyes Co., Unionville, Mo. In this factory alone, three million packages of Putnam Fadeless Dyes are made every year. To put up this amount of dyes requires the handling of seven million of envelopes, think of it, seven millions of envelopes laid lengthwise would reach a distance of seven hundred miles; if laid one upon the other they would make a pile of Putnam Fadeless Dyes 4½ miles high. As each envelope has to be handled five times before a package is complete, the completion of three millions of packages requires that they be handled thirty-five million times. This of course gives employment to a number of people, the Putnam Fadeless Dye Company alone employ almost a hundred people, 90 per cent. of whom are young ladies.

As each package retails for 10c the weight of the retail price of the three millions packages in dimes is 18,000 pounds, or almost a car load.

Man Behind the Gun.

"Great cinders! Smith, look at this paper. Jones kicked out of the house by his father-in-law! Awful, awful! Why, Jones is one of our biggest guns."

"And his father-in-law, I presume, was the man behind the gun, as it were?"—Baltimore News.

150 Kinds for 16c.
It is a fact that Salzer's vegetable and flower seeds are found in more gardens and on more farms than any other in America. There is a reason for this. We own and operate over 5000 acres for the production of our choice seeds. In order to induce you to try them we make the following unprecedented offer:
For 16 Cents Postpaid
20 kinds of rarest luscious radishes,
12 magnificent earliest melons,
16 sorts glorious tomatoes,
25 peerless lettuce varieties,
12 splendid beet sorts,
65 gorgeously beautiful flower seeds,
In all 150 kinds positively furnishing baskets of charming flowers and lots and lots of choice vegetables, together with our great catalogue telling all about Teosinte and Pea Oat and Bromus and Spelta, onion seed at 60c. a pound, etc., all only for 16c. in stamps. Write to-day.
JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO.,
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Our automobile tires are just as safe, satisfactory and reliable.

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PILES ANAKESIS gives instant relief and POSITIVELY CURES PILES. For free sample address "ANAKESIS," Tribune Building, New York.

PUZZLE PICTURE.

"WILL YOU BUY SOME FLOWERS, SIR?"
TO WHOM IS SHE SPEAKING?

A LITTLE NONSENSE.

Blessings could be used to better advantage by most people were it not for the difficulty in penetrating their disguises.—Chicago Daily News.

"He told his wife she ought to take cooking lessons." "Did she?" "Well, yes. She sent for her mother to come and give her a three months' course."—Philadelphia Bulletin.

A New Conception.—"Now, Johnny," said the teacher of civil government, "you may tell me who presides over the senate." Frenzied Chorus—"De referee, mum!"—Baltimore News.

"Young man," said the stern physician, "do you know where the evil effects of tobacco are first felt?" "Yep; in de woodshed," responded the depraved youngster.—Philadelphia Record.

First Office Boy—"I am going to resign my position next Saturday." Second Office Boy—"Are you?" First Office Boy—"Yes, the man I am running the business for spoke cross to me."—Sommerville Journal.

No Need to Worry.—Prof. Snore is very absent-minded. His son rushed into his study one morning and exclaimed: "Just think, father! I've swallowed a pin. What shall I do?" "Ah, well," replied the big man, "don't worry about it. Here's another pin."—Chums.

NATURE'S ICE HOUSES.

In Which Is Preserved for the Birds That Frequent the Arctic Regions Abundance of Food.

The number of birds that go to the arctic regions to breed is vast beyond conception. They go not by thousands, but by tens and hundreds of thousands, and because nowhere else in the world does nature provide at the same time and in the same place such a lavish prodigality of food, says Pearson's Magazine.

The vegetation consists of cranberry, cloudberry and crowberry bushes, and these, forced by the perpetual sunshine of the arctic summer, bear enormous crops of fruit. But the crop is not ripe until the middle and end of the arctic summer, and if the fruit-eating birds had to wait until it was ripe they would starve in the meantime, so they arrive on the very day of the melting of the snow.

But each year the snow descends on an immense crop of ripe fruit before the birds have time to gather it. It is thus preserved perfectly fresh and pure, and the melting of the snow discloses the bushes, with the unconsumed last year's crop hanging on them or lying, ready to be eaten, on the ground.

The frozen meal stretches across the breadth of northern Asia. It never decays and is accessible the moment the snow melts. The same heat which thaws the fruit brings into being the most prolific insect life in the world—the mosquito swarms on the tundra. No European can live there without a veil after the snow melts. The gun barrels are black with them and clouds of them often obscure the sight.

Thus the insect-eating birds have only to open their mouths to fill them with mosquitoes, and thus the presence of swarms of cliff chaffs, pipis and the wagtails in this arctic region is accounted for.

Old Man's Advantages.

A man past 50 can do with less sleep than younger men. He can endure greater steady and prolonged strain. He can bear his burden, day after day, with less need of recreation. The young man can "sprint," but he cannot "stay" like the man with brain grown iron and nerves steel by many years of training. Elderly men are less temptable. They are of fixed moral habit. Appetite and passion are under control. For better or for worse they are a calculable quantity, with slight variations to be taken into the account. Elderly men are more loyal as friends, if they are friends. Their attachment to a cause or a commercial house is less changeable. They have, moreover, given bonds for good behavior in the persons of grown families, whose respect is to them dearer than life. They know the difficulty of repairing mistakes. Elderly men actually have experience. The older man best reads character. He is the wisest to select agents.—Washington Times.

SOLDIERS AT WEST POINT.

Exercises That Develop the Lungs and Perfect the Whole Muscular System.

From the beginning, the utmost importance is attached to proper breathing, without which there can be no physical excellence. At the beginning and end of each drill the men are required to devote several minutes to inflating and deflating their lungs. They breathe slowly and deeply, inspirations being through the nostrils and expiration either by nose or mouth. Holding the breath until it can no longer be held is absolutely harmful. Inhalation may be accompanied by any part of an arm or shoulder exercise that will elevate and distend the thorax, such as raising the arms laterally, while that part of an exercise which tends to contract the walls of the chest should be accompanied by exhalation, as lowering the arms laterally from the shoulders or from overhead. When exercise is followed by labored breathing, it is a certain sign that the work has been excessive, and such an extreme is a frequent cause of injury to the heart or lungs. Palpitation or distressful breathing calls for immediate and absolute rest, which is best obtained by lying flat on the back, with arms and legs outstretched, writes Lieut. H. J. Koehler, U. S. A., in Success.

Exercising is never permitted immediately before or after a meal, digestion being considered much more important. During the exercises water, not too cold, may be taken in small sips, but merely rinsing the mouth is recommended. After exercise, the body must return to its normal condition before eating is allowed. Cadets, during exercise, wear soft canvas shoes, uniform trousers and gray flannel shirts, wool next to the skin being considered indispensable. Bathing is ordered in connection with exercise, for no man who merely cleanses the surface of his skin can be expected to possess a clean cuticle. A bath after a good "sweat" accomplishes the flushing of the millions of perspiration ducts in the body. Though a cold bath is now generally preferred for healthy men, it is impossible to lay down an inflexible rule. All depends upon the condition of the individual, and he alone can be the judge. Any bath that leaves the bather in a state of mental depression and physical lassitude must be avoided, as only that bath which leaves one better in mind and body is beneficial. For cleansing the body a warm bath, with plenty of soap, is advised. For stimulation, a cold plunge bath of short duration, taken before the body cools, is best. This latter bath must be followed by a brisk rubbing with a coarse towel. Where neither is possible, a sponge bath with tepid water, followed by brisk rubbing, is the one to use. In this connection, bathing the stomach by drinking water freely, both at rising and retiring, is strongly recommended to all.

Four Generations of Soldiers.

Soldiering seems to run in the blood of certain families. A typical instance of this is furnished in the person of Mr. William Smith, chief janitor at the Edinburgh Royal Infirmary. Smith's father was a soldier, he himself and four of his brothers "took the shilling" one after another, and he has given four sons and a grandson to the army. This, therefore, is a case of "soldiering" carried through four successive generations, and the youngest of them all is able to make the proud, perhaps unique, boast that not only his great-grandfather, his grandfather and his father, but four grand-uncles and three uncles, all served their sovereign in the ranks.—London Telegraph.

Never Pleasing.

Mrs. Mitford—What do you think of this vivisection question? It must be awful to be cut up alive.

Mrs. Graham—Yes; and it is awful to be cut dead, as I was by one of my dearest friends last evening.—Boston Transcript.

Stage Properties.

Mrs. Cotherstone—So, Delia, your daughter is to marry that actor?

Mrs. Gushington—Yes, Clara; oh, won't it be lovely to have a Hamlet in the family.—Detroit Free Press.

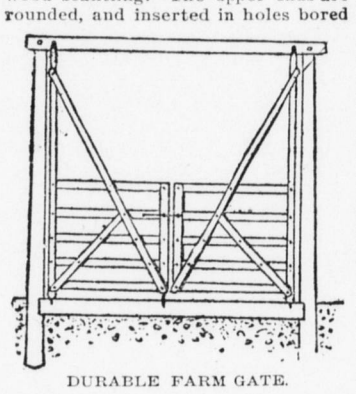
AGRICULTURAL HINTS.

GATE THAT CANNOT SAG.

Invented by a New York State Farmer Who Considers It a Device of Rare Merit.

A subscriber living in Westfield, Chautauqua county, N. Y., who prefers that his name should not be used in print, sends to the New York Tribune a description of a gate which he constructed several years ago on a farm where he then lived. Its great merit is that it never sags. For gateposts he used eight by eight timbers, set fully 12 feet apart. With the idea of letting a load of hay through, the cap piece ought to be fully 12 feet above the ground, and may be advantageously cut out of six by eight stuff. The posts should be set in stone or cement, so as to be proof against the action of the frost. A sill or threshold is also provided. This should measure six by eight or eight by eight and consist of oak or chestnut. The better the timber for the rest of this frame the longer it will last.

The full length upright of each gate is made by four by four hardwood scantling. The upper ends are rounded, and inserted in holes bored



DURABLE FARM GATE.

in the lower side of (but not entirely through) the cap piece. The pins of the lower ends should be of metal. Pieces of sawmill plate, in which holes have been punched, should be fastened to the sill for these pins to play in. Thus the pins will be kept from wearing the wood. A similar plate should be placed where the gates meet, to accommodate the vertical bolt on one of them. The other gate should have a latch.

The slats and braces may be made from stuff 1¼ inches thick and four inches wide. They are attached to each other and to the uprights with bolts. The short braces are on the opposite side of the slats from the long ones, so that the same bolt may go through both where they overlap. When finished, the frame and gates should be well painted.

It will be seen that these gates can be used singly or together, and that they swing in either direction. It is always a convenience to have a gate swing away from you, no matter from which side you approach.

THE AGE OF TOOLS.

Farmers Must Keep Pace with Modern Progress or They Will Inevitably Fall Behind.

The tools and machinery of America are capturing the world. The machine, with its unerring accuracy, has taken the place of human hands in every department of industry, and has immensely increased the productive capacity of the artisan. On the farm, too, the same rule controls. The modern binders have superseded the old, slow methods of the harvest, and made the great grain fields a possibility. To the effective use of machinery on the farm is due the great exporting capacity of the country, and in every avocation in life it is the man behind the machine that is moving civilization forward.

Brain power is taking the place of human muscle, and the result is an elevation of the farmer to a higher plane, requiring the application of business methods to agriculture. The inevitable tendency of the increased use of machinery on the farm is the increase in acreage in the hands of one man, since the machines make intensive culture possible over larger areas. The more effective the machines are made the wider scope they will need, and great farms, conducted on wise business methods, will become more and more common as men realize the possibilities of such culture. The great accumulations of capital will not always be kept out of the farm, for the capitalists will come to see what money will do in businesslike farming. It is the age of tools and machinery, and the farm must keep up with the procession. — Practical Farmer.

Preparing Soil for Potatoes.

Preparation of the land is an essential too often neglected. It has been asserted that not infrequently one-half of the potato crop is lost by means of insufficient preparation of the soil. Of one of the noted potato growers of Wisconsin it used to be said: "He works the ground so much that the potatoes do not know in which direction to grow to find the surface. So they fill the soil full." Sometimes the best of potato growers slight the preparation of their soil because of a rush of other farm work at the time their potato land is being prepared. No after cultivation can atone for the neglect of thorough preparation; for in no case can the soil under the hills be affected by the cultivation given in the rows.—Farmers' Review.

Liberties with the King.

The authorities have refused to copyright a Scotch whisky label that bears in large istaring letters "King Edward VII." They claim that the names of living people are their own property, and that other people have no right to demand a proprietary interest in them. They also suggest that it would be well for whisky men to get King Edward's consent before taking any such liberty as the one proposed. But who expects that the king will consent to the use of his name? He would be foolish if he did.

Just picture a line of thirsty men ranged along a bar.

"Fill your glasses, gentlemen," says the man who buys, and they solemnly pass the bottle of "King Edward VII." along the line. "A toast, gentlemen. Up with your glasses. Are you ready? Then down with the king."

And they solemnly down him.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

$25.00 TO CALIFORNIA.

Everyday, During March and April Phenomenally Low Rates to the Pacific Coast and Intermediate Points.

Colonist Excursions open to all. Later on at intervals during the summer special round trip excursions to the Coast at less than One Cent Per Mile, going one way, returning another. An exceptional opportunity to visit any part of all parts of the Great West for pleasure, education or business. People with interests at various points will show you attention. Address a postal to W. H. Connor, General Agent Union Pacific, Southern Pacific Rys., 53 East 4th St., Cincinati, Ohio. Write on the back: "Send details low rates to California," adding your own name and address, also those of any of your friends, and you will receive in return information of fascinating interest, great practical value, of educational and business worth. Whether or not you are thinking of taking this delightful trip or looking to better your condition in life, it will pay you, your family or friends to write a postal as above. As the colonist rates open to all are good during March and April only, send your postal to-day.

Knives Before Forks.

Mr. Stingum—By the way, Sharpe says he saw you in the Bongtong cafe yesterday.

Mr. Nuritch Cadd—Yes; but I cut him. Did he tell you that?

"No; but he did remark that he expected every minute to see you cut yourself."—Philadelphia Press.

$33.00 to Pacific Coast.

Chicago & Northwestern R'y.; during the months of March and April $30.00 from Chicago to Helena, Butte, Anaconda, Ogden and Salt Lake City; $30.50 Spokane; $33.00 Los Angeles, San Francisco, Portland, Seattle, Tacoma, Vancouver, Victoria and a large number of other points. Tourist Sleeping Cars daily to the Pacific Coast. For maps and particulars apply to nearest ticket agent or address W. B. Kniskern, 22 Fifth avenue, Chicago, Ill.

Much in Little.

Biggs—"Multum in Parvo." That's a queer motto for a shoemaker.

Diggs—Quite appropriate, though. His specialty is ladies' shoes.—Chicago Daily News.

$1.00.

Chicago to St. Paul or Minneapolis for double berth in Tourist sleeping cars of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway, each Tuesday and Friday during March and April, 1902, on train No. 1 leaving Chicago at 6:30 p. m.

For further information apply to the nearest coupon ticket agent, or address F. A. Miller, General Passenger Agent, Chicago.

The Flaw.

Helen—Delia wouldn't listen to anything but classical music for the world.

Judy—No; but look at the rag-time hat she wears!—Detroit Free Press.

$33.00 to California, Oregon and Washington.

Chicago & Northwestern Ry. from Chicago daily, March and April, only $6.00 for berth in tourist car. Personally conducted excursions Tuesdays and Thursdays from Chicago and Wednesdays from New England. Illustrated pamphlet sent on receipt of two cent stamp by S. A. Hutchison, Manager, 212 Clark street, Chicago.

All Days Alike.

The maid—Do you think it's unlucky to get married on Friday?

The Bachelor—Of course. Why should Friday be an exception?—Judge.

Earliest Russian Millet.

Will you be short of hay? If so plant a plenty of this prodigally prolific millet 5 TO 8 TONS OF RICH HAY PER ACRE. Price 50 lbs. $1.90; 100 lbs. $3.00, low freights John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis.

"I admire that pianist's finish. Don't you?" "Yes, but I always dread his beginning."—Philadelphia Bulletin.

I am sure Piso's Cure for Consumption saved my life three years ago.—Mrs. Thos. Robbins, Maple Street, Norwich, N. Y., Feb. 17, 1900.

There is no cloud attached to the silver lining of the fat purse.—Chicago Daily News.

Stops the Cough and Works Off the Cold.

Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. Price 25c.

It's a pity the average man does not lose his tongue when he loses his head.—Chicago Daily News.

If you want to be cured of a cough use Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar. Pike's Toothache Drops Cure in one minute.

Extravagance is often the preferred creditor of economy.—Chicago Daily News.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES are the brightest, fastest and easiest to use.

Self-inspection is said to be a sure cure for self-esteem.—Chicago Daily News.

Eminent men of every country, like General Rufus Ingalls, late Quartermaster-General United States Army; Hon. Billa Flint, Life Senator Canadian Parliament; Dr. Richard Oberlaender, Leipzig, Germany, have publicly proclaimed the magical powers of ST. JACOBS OIL, the great conqueror of pain. This remedy is a sure cure for RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, LUMBAGO, HEADACHE, BACKACHE, TOOTHACHE, also SPRAINS, BRUISES, BURNS, SCALDS and all other painful ailments. It never fails.

Sold in 25c and 50c Sizes.

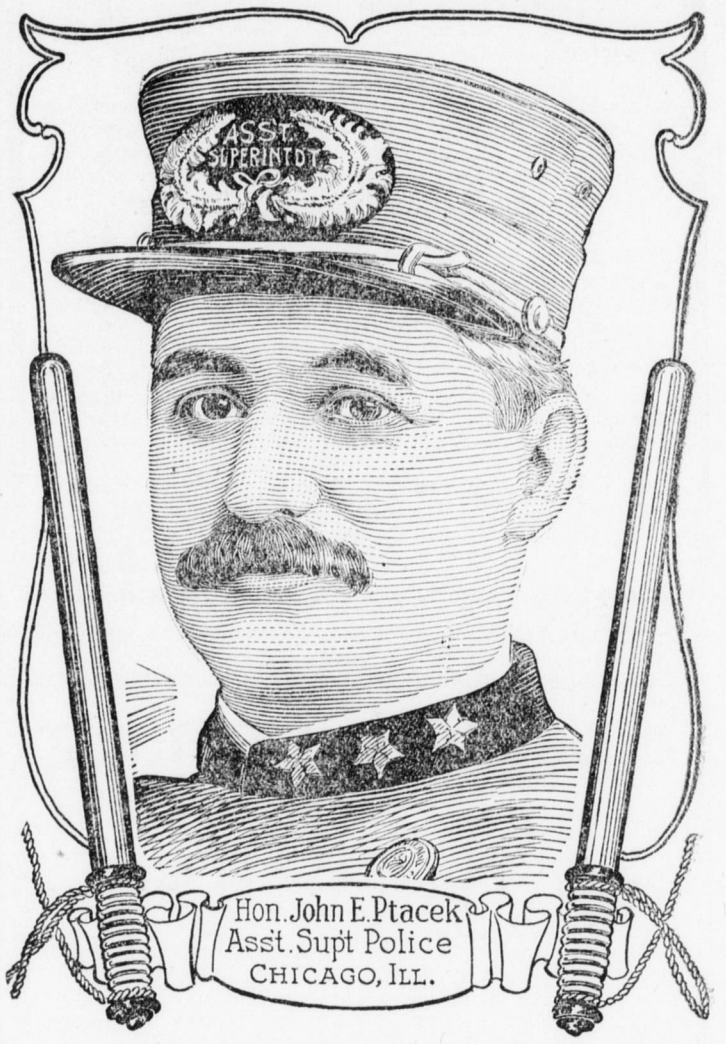
ACTS LIKE MAGIC.

ESTABLISHED 50 YEARS.

Conquers Pain

Policemen Praise Pe-ru-na.

As a Reliable Specific for the Ills Incident to the Vicissitudes of Their Occupation.



John E. Ptacek, Assistant Superintendent of Police of Chicago, Ill., writes:

"I used Peruna for a very severe case of nasal catarrh, and am glad to inform you that it has accomplished a complete cure. I have no hesitancy in recommending it to others."

JOHN E. PTACEK.

Officer A. C. Swanson writes from 607 Harrison street, Council Bluffs, Ia., as follows:

"As my duties compelled me to be out in all kinds of weather I contracted severe cold from time to time, which settled in the kidneys, causing severe pains and trouble in the pelvic organs.

"I am now like a new man, am in splendid health and give all praise to Peruna." *A. C. SWANSON.*

Michael O'Halleran, Lieutenant Sergeant of the Summerdale Station Police Department, writes from 1993 W. Monroe street, Chicago, Ill.:

"Several of the officers of our station have good reason to praise Peruna. Several times when they spent hours in the rain and came in drenched, a severe cold has followed which it seemed impossible to throw off until one of them tried Peruna, and found the finest remedy for a cold that a man would want.

"Since then we have used it for colds, catarrh, influenza and other complaints following in the wake of inclement weather, and we all feel well pleased with Peruna."

MICHAEL O'HALLERAN.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of the Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

OUT THEY GO

TO NORTH DAKOTA.

We own 100,000 acres in North Dakota counties where the greatest flood of land-seekers are going. Rich, nutritious grasses; deep, black soil, very productive. Where corn grows. Pure water in springs, streams and wells. Coal $1 Per ton. Price $4.50 to $7.50 per acre. 160 ACRE **FREE HOMESTEADS** adjoining. We sell in large or small tracts; splendid for stock raising or general farming. FORM COLONIES. GO NOW. DON'T WAIT UNTIL THE OTHER FELLOW GETS THERE.

W. H. Brown & Co.

DEVIL'S LAKE, NO. DAKOTA, 156 LA SALLE ST., CHICAGO and MANDAN, NO. DAKOTA. (Mention this paper.)

CLOVER

Largest growers of Clover, Timothy and Grasses. Our northern grown Clover, for vigor, frost and drouth resisting properties, has justly become famous.

SUPERIOR CLOVER, bu. $5.90; 100 lbs. $9.80
La Crosse Prime Clover, bu. $5.60; 100 lbs. $9.20

Samples Clover, Timothy and Grasses and great Catalog mailed you for 6c postage.

JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO.
LA CROSSE, WIS.

JUST THINK OF IT!

FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

Every farmer his own **landlord**, no encumbrances, his bank account increasing year by year, land value increasing, stock increasing, splendid climate, excellent schools and churches, low taxation, high prices for cattle and grain, low railway rates, and every possible comfort. This is the condition of the farmer in Western Canada—Province of Manitoba and districts of Assiniboia, Saskatchewan and Alberta. Thousands of Americans are now settled there. Reduced rates on all railways for homeseekers and settlers. New districts are being opened up this year. The new forty-page **ATLAS of WESTERN CANADA** and all other information sent free to all applicants. F. PEDLEY, Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to JOSEPH YOUNG, 50½ State St., East Columbus Ohio; H. M. WILLIAMS, Toledo, O.; Canadian Government Agents.

ASTHMA Hay Fever Sure Relief

10 CENTS. PREPAID. 10 CENTS.

CUBANOS ASTHMA CURE, 100 West 125 St., New York.

Big Four ROUTE

TO THE

WORLD FAMED VIRGINIA

Hot Springs

Magnificent Train Service, Dining Cars, Pullman Sleepers, Observation Cars.

THE NEW

Homestead Hotel

Entirely rebuilt of Brick, Stone and Iron, Fire-proof, will be opened on March 10th, 1902.

Reduced Rate Tickets now on sale.

For full information call on agents of the

BIG FOUR ROUTE.

or address the undersigned

WARREN J. LYNCH, Gen'l Pass. & Ticket Agt.
W. P. DEPPE, Asst. G. P. & T. A.
CINCINNATI, O.

HAZARD GUN POWDER

"SPORTSMEN SAY THEY HAD NO IDEA GAME COULD BE KILLED AT SO GREAT A DISTANCE AS THEY HAVE BROUGHT IT DOWN WITH HAZARD SMOKELESS WHEN LOADED AS DIRECTED ON CANISTER."

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and **10 days' treatment Free.** Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box B, ATLANTA, GA.

IF YOU CANNOT GO TO CALIFORNIA

the land of perpetual Summer, Cure your Cough, Stalting or Lung Trouble of any kind by taking a remedy grown where Lung Trouble is unknown. Send $1.00 for 100 doses to the NARANJAL MEDICAL CO., Oakland, California.

A. N. K.—C 1909

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

Spring Opening.

Our trade this season has been phenomenal. We show a larger stock and a more extensive variety than in any former season.

Dress Goods

of an exceptional quality, the prettiest of the new shades. A special display of new fabrics for the spring wear in Lawns, Silks, Madras, India Linen, Seersuckers, etc. Ginghams, best colors and styles in Emporium.

Dress Trimmings and Laces.

Oceans of trimmings will be used this season. A dress without more or less elaborate garniture will be an oddity. The trimmings are more beautiful than ever. Applique embroidery for trimming Shirt Waists and Skirts in abundance and Laces in large variety.

Shirt Waists, all the latest styles just received.

Neckwear. Nowadays woman's neck fixtures constitute all very important part of the toilet, and every well dressed woman gives this subject much thought. Our collection this spring is magnificent. All the latest styles in Turnover collars.

The largest assortment of Carpets, Mattings, Oilcloths and Linoleums, ever shown in Cameron county. All at the lowest prices.

M. C. TULIS.

Spring Opening

Largest and best display of

Furniture.

ever seen in this or adjoining counties.

Run your eyes over these Bargains. You are bound to find something you want. Our PRICES are always lower than others; our qualities are always dependable. Examine our stock, compare our prices—you will thus see how much money can be saved by buying here.

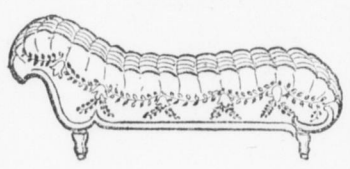
We are winning your confidence and patronage by deserving it, and will continue to merit it.

We fearlessly print illustrations and prices and set the pace for others to imitate. Of course it is conceded we are HEADQUARTERS for

BED ROOM SUITES AND SIDEBOARDS.

WE MANUFACTURE THEM.

COUCH.



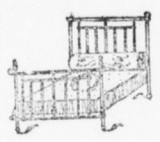
$10.00

For this elegant Couch.

STEEL BED.

$6.00

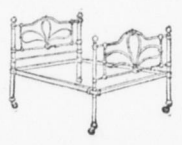
Brass rail Guaranted 15 years.



IRON BED

$2.50

Regular price other places $4.00.



GO-CART $6.00

Every baby in this town should ride in a Go Cart, even if some have to walk a little later on in life. We have tried to select the BEST from

Five Factories.

No *close outs* from last year's manufacture, each Go-cart an art creation, with latest improvements for safety, comfort and services, at prices that stagger competitors.

GO-CART $10.

We advevtise the truth and then surpass it. Our aim is to furnish up-to-date goods at reasonable cost. Money talks. Low prices schriek. The lever of low prices has led this store into its present popularity.

SCIENTIFIC EMBALMING. Residence up Stairs.

FUNERAL DIRECTING. Open all Night.

Emporium Furniture Co.,

BERNARD EGAN, Mgr.,

Emporium, Pa.

C. G. SCHMIDT'S,

HEADQUARTERS FOR

Popular Bakery,

FRESH BREAD, PIES, FANCY CAKES, ICE CREAM, NUTS

CONFECTIONERY

All orders given prompt and skillful attention.

Daily Delivery.

ALL SORTS.

Couldn't help getting a cold never cures it; but carrying home a bottle of BALLARD'S HOREHOUND SYRUP, and using it as directed, will cure the worst kind of cough or cold. Price, 25 and 50 cents. L. Taggart.

Never be discouraged.

Children often inherit feeble digestive power and colic of a more or less severe character results, when food is taken which is at all difficult to digest. WHITE'S CREAM VERMIFUGE acts as a general and permanent tonic. Price, 25 cents. L. Taggart.

Never tell business lies.

For all pulmonary troubles BALLARD'S HOREHOUND SYRUP, taken in the early stages, prove a certain and sure specific. It is equally effective in croup and whooping cough, and if used in season prevents the further development of consumption. Price 25 and 50 cents. L. Taggart.

Be polite to everybody.

Are you sick? If so, investigate the merits of HERBINE. It is a concentrated medicine, the dose is small, yet it quickly produces the most gratifying results, digestion improves, the lips and cheeks lose their pallor, the eye becomes bright and the step elastic. Price, 50 cents. L. Taggart.

Employ your time well.

La grippe coughs yield quickly to the wonderful curative qualities of Foley's Honey and Tar. There is nothing else "just as good."

Be prompt in everything.

Raw or Inflamed Lungs

Yield rapidly to the wonderful curative and healing qualities of Foley's Honey and Tar. It prevents pneumonia and consumption from a hard cold settled on the lungs. L. Taggart.

Pay your debts promptly.

Surgeon's Knife Not Needed.

Surgery is no longer necessary to cure piles. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cures such cases at once, removing the necessity for dangerous, painful and expensive operations. For scalds, cuts, burns, wounds, bruises, sores and skin diseases it is unequalled. Beware of counterfeits. R. C. Dodson.

Bear all troubles patiently.

Foley's Honey and Tar

Cures coughs and colds.
Cures bronchitis and asthma.
Cures croup and whooping cough.
Cures hoarseness and bronchial troubles.
Cures pneumonia and la grippe.

Be brave in the struggle of life.

Cough Settled on Her Lungs.

"My daughter had a terrible cough which settled on her lungs," says N. Jackson, of Danville Ill. "We tried a great many remedies without relief, until we gave her Foley's Honey and Tar which cured her." Refuse substitutes. L. Taggart.

Make no useless acquaintances.

Foley's Kidney Cure makes the kidneys and bladder right. Contains nothing injurious. L. Taggart.

Don't have too many irons in the fire.

A Severe Cold for Three Months.

The following letter from A. J. Nusbaum, of Batesville, Ind., tells its own story. "I suffered for three months with a severe cold. A druggist prepared me some medicine, and a physician prescribed for me, yet I did not improve. I then tried Foley's Honey and Tar, and eight doses cured me." Refuse substitutes.—L. Taggart.

Some men save up for a rainy day and then purchase a leaky umbrella.

Dangers of Pneumonia.

A cold at this time if neglected is liable to cause pneumonia, which is so often fatal, and even when the patient has recovered the lungs are weakened, making them peculiarly susceptible to the development of consumption. Foley's Honey and Tar will stop the cough, heal and strengthen the lungs and prevent pneumonia. L. Taggart.

The victim of under consumption never talks about over production.

For the Complexion.

The complexion always suffers from biliousness or constipation. Unless the bewels are kept open the impurities from the body appear in the form of unsightly eruptions. De Witt's Little Early Risers keep the liver and bowels in healthy condition and remove the cause of such troubles. C. E. Hooper, Albany, Ga., says: "I took DeWitt's Little Early Risers for biliousness. They were just what I needed. I am feeling better now than in years." Never gripe or distress. Safe, thorough and gentle. The very best pills. R. C. Dodson.

Never appear something more than you are.

No one knows the unbearable torture one undergoes from piles unless they are so afflicted. TABLER'S BUCKEYE PILE OINTMENT is a quick, safe and painless cure. Price, 50 cents in bottles, Tubes, 75 cents. L. Taggart.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure
Digests what you eat.

Foley's Honey and Tar
cures colds, prevents pneumonia.

$1.00.

Chicago to St. Paul or Minneapolis for double berth in Tourist sleeping cars of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway, each Tuesday and Friday during March and April, 1902, on train No. 1 leaving Chicago at 6:30 p. m.

For further information apply to the nearest coupon ticket agent, or address F. A. Miller, General Passenger Agent, Chicago. 3-3t.

Magic Color Pictures.

A glass of water and a sponge or brush act like a box of paints on the wonderful "Watergraphs," which will appear in next Sunday's Philadelphia Press. It's the cleverest novelty of the year. The pictures are printed apparently in black ink. You touch them with water, and in a second they become beautiful water color paintings. No skill is needed. Children can do it as well as grown folks. These "Watergraphs" are in addition to the mysterious magic pictures, which you rub over a blank space with a coin and a picture appears.

The great puzzle-man, Sam Loyd, is now on The Sunday Press staff of entertainers. He has a page each Sunday that will set you thinking and amuse you, too. Order next Sunday's Philadelphia Press of your newsdealer in advance. Then you'll be sure to get it. tf

President Roosevelt's Mother.

The mother of a President of the United States is always an object of special interest and regard on the part of the people. But in all that has been written about Mr. Roosevelt since he became Chief Executive last September there has been little or no mention of his mother. On this account, and because she was a remarkably fine and lovely woman, much interest attaches to an article on "The President's Mother" which will appear in The Ladies' Home Journal in the near future. It will be the first story of her life yet told, and will be one of a series of articles, the first of which is published in the current number of The Journal, on the President and his family. Miss Alice Roosevelt is the subject of this. Next month "The Outdoor President" will be told of, and later the President's wife and children will be portrayed.

DEATH'S DOINGS.

CARSON.

Died at St. Marys, Pa., March 19th, 1902, Mary, wife of Mr. William Carson, and daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James O. Jordan, Mason Hill, aged about 35 years.

She fell asleep in Jesus after suffering about eight months with that dreadful disease, consumption. For many years past she has been a member of the M. E. Church and a firm believer in Christ. She was also a member of the W. C. T. U. and Ladies Aid Society at St. Marys, of which a fine floral wreath was presented by both societies in token of love and respect. She remained concious almost to the end and chose the minister to preach her funeral discourse, place of interment, etc., gave orders concerning her children, and calling her parents, husband and four children to her bed side she bid them an effectionate farewell; warned them to meet her on the shores of everlasting deliverance—where sickness, sorrow, pain and death shall be "felt and feared no more." She then passed away, leaving us to mourn our loss. But we do it not as "those without hope" for we are confident that our loss is her eternal gain. The fueral took place on Friday afternoon at two o'clock, in the Mason Hill school house, amid the scenes of her childhood days. furrounded by a large circle of grief stricken relatives and friends. Rev. Faus, of Sinnemahoning, an intimate friend of the family, officiated at the funeral, and spoke words of wisdom and consolation to the grief stricken family. His Text was, "To live is Christ, and to die is gain." Interment was made in the Mason Hill cemetery.

A MEMORIAL.

Oh come, ye blessed of My Father,
The purchase of my dying love,
Receive the crowns of life and glory,
Which are laid up for you above.

For you, dear soul, who have continued
With me, and my temptation bore,
I have prepared a glorious kingdom,
Come dwell with me for evermore.

Near flowing streams of living water
There is no pain, nor death to fear;
No sorrow, sighing, tears, nor weeping.
Shall ever have admittance there.

Mason Hill, Pa., March 25, 1902. C. J. M.

Reduced Rates to the West.

Commencing March 1st and daily thereafter, until April 30th, 1902, the Wisconsin Central Ry. will sell Settlers' tickets from Chicago to points in Montana, Idaho, Oregon, Washington, and British Columbia, at greatly reduced rates. For detailed information inquire of nearest Ticket Agent, or address W. H. Allen, 621 Park Building, Pittsburg, Pa., or Jas. C. Pond, Gen'l Passenger Agent, Wilwaukee, Wis. 48-14t.

J. A. Fisher,

PRACTICAL

Horse Shoer,

Broad Street, Emporium, Pa.

Rain and sweat have no effect on harness treated with Eureka Harness Oil. It resists the damp, keeps the leather soft and pliable. Stitches do not break. No rough surface to chafe and cut. The harness not only keeps looking like new, but wears twice as long by the use of Eureka Harness Oil.
EUREKA HARNESS OIL
Sold everywhere in cans—all sizes. Made by Standard Oil Company

HUMPHREYS' Witch Hazel Oil

THE PILE OINTMENT.

One Application Gives Relief.

It cures Piles or Hemorrhoids—External or Internal, Blind or Bleeding, Itching or Burning, Fissures and Fistulas.. Relief immediate—cure certain.

It cures Burns and Scalds. The relief instant.

It cures Inflamed or Caked Breasts and Sore Nipples. Invaluable.

It cures Salt Rheum, Tetters, Scurfy Eruptions, Chapped Hands, Fever Blisters, Sore Lips or Nostrils. Corns, Bunions, Sore and Chafed Feet, Stings of insects, Mosquito Bites and Sunburns.

Three Sizes, 25c., 50c. and $1.00

Sold by Druggists, or sent pre-paid on receipt of price.

HUMPHREYS' MED. CO.,

Cor. William & John Sts., NEW YORK.

If You Could Look into the future and see the condition to which your cough, if neglected, will bring you, you would seek relief at once—and that naturally would be through

Shiloh's Consumption Cure Guaranteed to cure Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma, and all Lung Troubles. Cures Coughs and Colds in a day. 25 cents. Write to S. C. WELLS & Co., Le Roy, N. Y., for free trial bottle.

Karl's Clover Root Tea purifies the Blood

HARPER WHISKY

The Aristocrat among the Whiskies of the Old School. Without a peer.

For sale by

WM. McGEE.

SECOND TO NONE.

Adam, Meldrum & Anderson Co.

396 to 408 Main St.—American Block,

BUFFALO, N. Y.

Best and Largest Assortment of Goods in Buffalo.

ADAM, MELDRUM & ANDERSON CO.,

396-408 Main Street,

The American Block,

BUFFALO, N. Y

We promptly obtain U. S. and Foreign

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Send model, sketch or photo of invention for free report on patentability. For free book, How to Secure Patents and **TRADE-MARKS** write to

C.A.SNOW & CO.

OPPOSITE U. S PATENT OFFICE. WASHINGTON, D.C.

Foley's Kidney Cure
makes kidneys and bladder right.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher, and has been made under his personal supervision for over 30 years. Allow no one to deceive you in this. Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments, and endanger the health of Children—Experience against Experiment.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

DEAL WITH THE MAKERS

Don't pay two extra profits when you buy carriages and harness. Deal with the factory. Get our lowest wholesale rates. Our system of selling direct to customers is saving thousands of dollars to carriage buyers in every corner of the country. We quote the same rates to you that we would give the largest wholesale jobber, and we offer you an assortment to choose from such as no other dealer can show. With every purchase we give the broadest guarantee. If it is not in every way satisfactory, you can return the vehicle to us and we will pay freight charges both ways. We can also

Save two Profits

for you on harness and other horse equipments. Write for our free illustrated catalogue in which we describe the buggies, surreys, phaetons, etc., that have made our factory famous for their high grade. Don't wait until your need is more pressing; write to-day and have the catalogue by you for future use.

No. 2031 Buggy. Price $39.50 with leather quarter top. Shipment from Columbus.

THE COLUMBUS CARRIAGE & HARNESS CO.,

Columbus, O., P. O. Box 772.
St. Louis, Mo., P. O. Box 54.
Write to nearest office.

No. 241 Single Strap Buggy Harness. Price $9.90